

BENCHMARK™

BS6050



MANUAL



This product is supported by **Midland Power**. Contact us directly for assistance and warranty help. Do not return this product to store.

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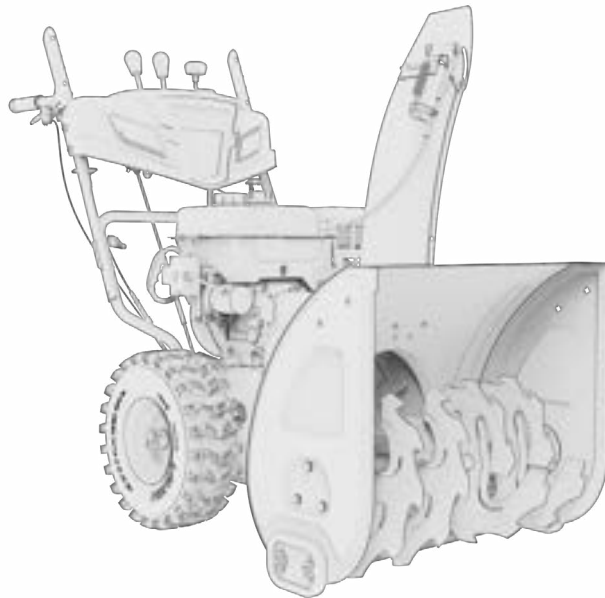
Or call us anytime at **1-877-528-3772**.

Thanks for choosing the BS6050!

You're excited to get started, we'll keep this brief.

READ THIS ENTIRE GUIDE BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT AND SAVE FOR LATER USE.

This user guide contains important instructions including safety, setup, operation, and maintenance that must be followed. All information in this guide is based on information available at the time of print. This guide or revised editions can be found on our website for download. No part of this publication may be reproduced without written permission.



THIS PRODUCT MEETS ALL CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FROM:



The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

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A note from our designer:

When I was a child in Kingston Ontario my family lived beside a retired fellow named Basil. I remember one day Basil got down on one knee to clean out his clogged snowblower, reaching deep into the machine to remove the buildup of hard snow and ice. Once the blockage was clear the augers quickly sprang back to life, he had forgotten to shut off the engine. For the rest of his life Basil only had two fingers on that hand because he'd left his snowblower running. Don't be like my kind neighbour Basil, be careful and stay safe!

1. SAFETY

⚠ WARNING!

U.S.A. Models: It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the exhaust system is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order. Other states or federal jurisdictions may have similar laws. Contact the original equipment manufacturer, retailer, or dealer to obtain a spark arrester designed for the exhaust system installed on this engine.

1.1 SNOWTHROWER SAFETY

The snowthrower is designed and intended only for clearing of snow from hard-surface ground-level walkways and driveways and is not intended for any other purpose.

Only allow operators who are responsible, trained, familiar with these instructions, and physically capable operate the machine. If it is misused or not properly maintained, it can be dangerous. Remember you are responsible for your safety and those around you.


This snowthrower is capable of amputating hands and feet, and throwing objects. Hand contact with the rotating impeller inside the discharge chute is the most common cause of injury associated with snowthrowers.

- This machine is capable of throwing objects that could injure bystanders or cause damage to buildings.
- When leaving the operating position always disengage the auger, turn off the engine, and remove the key. Never leave a running machine unattended.

- Never operate the snowthrower without proper guards, and other safety protective devices in place and working.
- Be careful when operating on or crossing gravel drives, walks, or roads. Stay alert for hidden hazards or traffic.
- Never operate the snowthrower without good visibility or light. Always be sure of your footing, and keep a firm hold on the handles. Walk; never run.
- Be careful to avoid slipping or falling, especially when operating the snowthrower in reverse.
- Be careful when operating on slopes.
- After striking a foreign object, stop the engine, remove the wire from the spark plug, thoroughly inspect the snowthrower for any damage, and repair the damage before restarting and operating the snowthrower.
- Do not operate the equipment without wearing adequate winter garments. Avoid loose fitting clothing that can get caught in moving parts. Wear footwear that will improve footing on slippery surfaces.
- Never touch a hot muffler or engine. Allow muffler and engine cylinder to cool before touching.

1.2 ENGINE SAFETY

⚠ WARNING ⚠
AVERTISSEMENT



TOXIC FUMES HAZARD. Running engines give off carbon monoxide, an odourless poisonous gas that can cause nausea, fainting, or death. Do not start engine indoors or in an enclosed area, even if the windows and doors are open.

DANGER TOXIQUE. Faire fonctionner un moteur dégage de l'oxyde de carbone, un gaz inodore toxique qui peut provoquer la nausée, évanouissement ou la mort. Ne démarrer pas le moteur à l'intérieur ou dans une espace clos, meme si les fenêtres et les portes sont ouvertes.

⚠ WARNING!

- Always perform an oil and fuel check before starting the engine.
- Properly clean and maintain the equipment.
- Before operating, read the user guide carefully. Otherwise, personal injuries or equipment damage may result.
- Pay attention to the warning labels. The engine exhaust system will become heated during operation and remain hot immediately after the engine is stopped.
- Gasoline is a highly flammable and explosive liquid. Refuel in a well ventilated area with the engine stopped.

- Use of gasoline with an ethanol content greater than 10% can damage the engine and fuel system and will void the manufacturer's warranty.
- When refueling, keep it away from cigarettes, open flames, smoke and/or sparks.
- Do not touch the spark plug while the engine is operating or shortly after the engine has been shut down.
- Know how to stop the engine quickly and understand operation of all the controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.
- Do not operate in rain or snow.
- To avoid breathing in poisonous carbon monoxide from the exhaust gases, adequate ventilation should be provided if running in a partially enclosed space.
- If stored outdoors, check all electrical components before each use. Moisture can damage the electronics and can lead to an electric shock.
- Do not connect an extension to the exhaust pipe.
- If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak after the engine has been running, move to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. See a doctor. You could have carbon monoxide poisoning.

1.3 AC SAFETY

WARNING!

Before connecting the snowthrower to an electrical device or power cord:

- Make sure that everything is in proper working order. Faulty devices or power cords can lead to an electrical shock.
- Turn off immediately if the device begins to operate abnormally. Then disconnect and investigate the problem.
- Use only a three-conductor power cord properly grounded to the power source.
- Use a tough rubber sheathed flexible cable (according to IEC245 or equivalent standards). The maximum length of the extension cable: 196 feet (60 meters) for cable of 15.5 gauge (1.5mm²); 328 feet (100 meters) for cable of 13.25 gauge (2.5mm²).

1.4 MAINTENANCE SAFETY

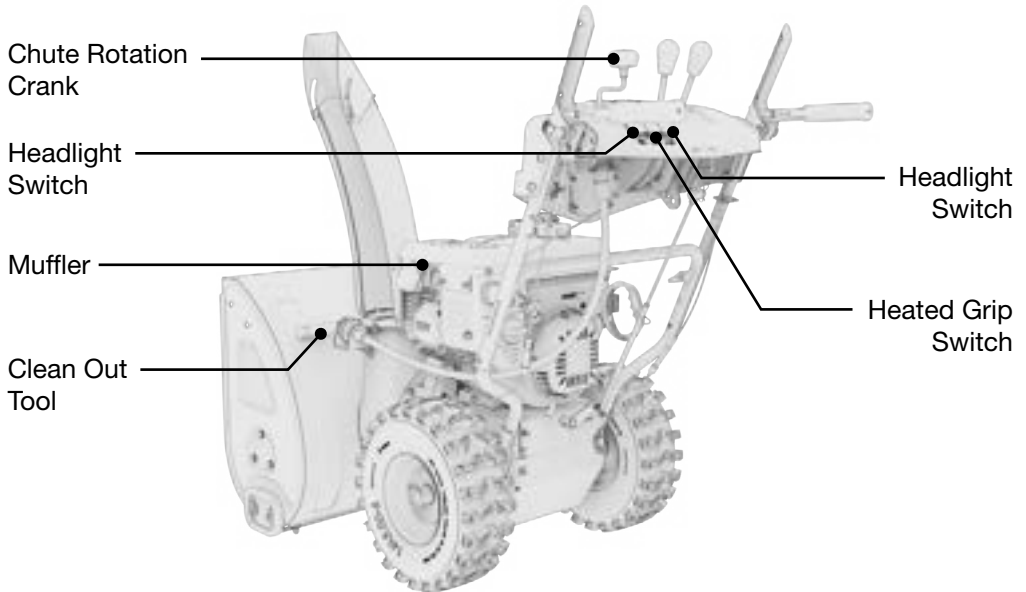
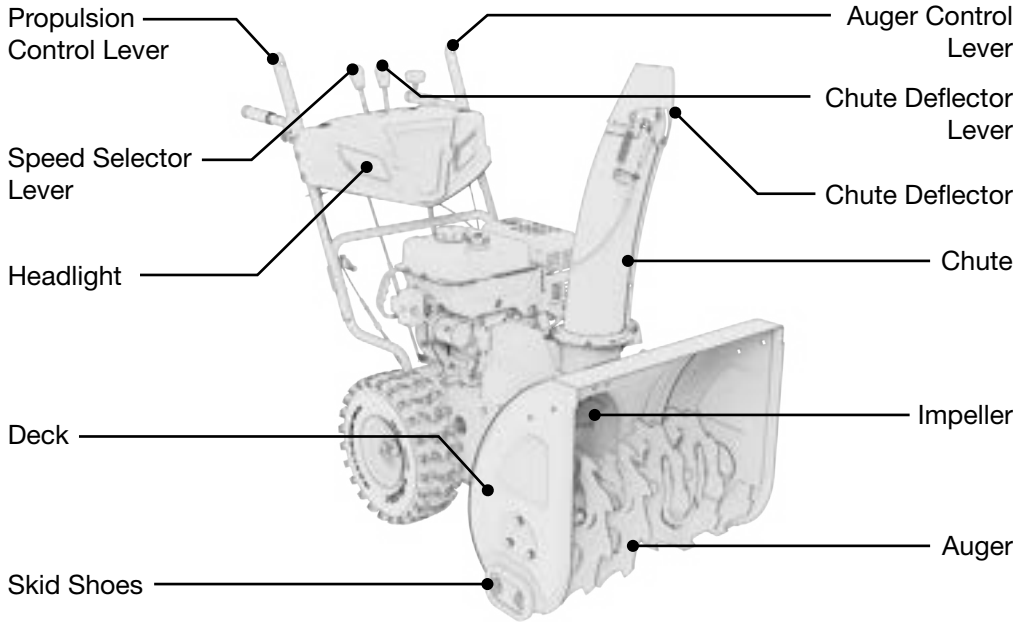
WARNING!

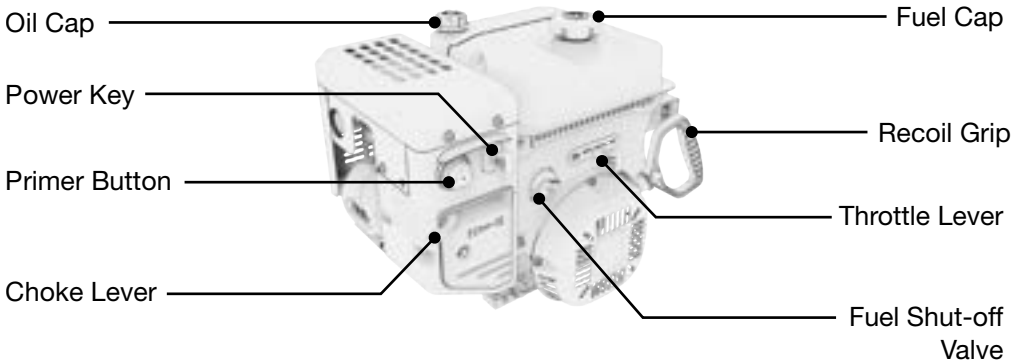
- After any maintenance is performed, wash immediately using soap and clean water because repeated exposure to lubricant may cause skin irritation.
- Allow the engine to cool down and turn off the engine before performing any maintenance. Failure to do so can cause severe personal injury or death.
- Do not clean with a pressure washer.
- Use rubber gloves when coming into contact with engine oil.
- Always stop the engine before removing the oil filler cap.
- Only qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of fuels, electricity, and machinery hazards should perform maintenance procedures.

2. LEARN ABOUT YOUR SNOWTHROWER

This section will show you how to identify key parts of your snowthrower. Going over the terminology below will make sure we're on the same page.

2.1 COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION





2.2 CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Auger Control Lever

- Augers and impeller will activate when lever is engaged.

Clean Out Tool

- NEVER clean a clogged impeller or chute with your hands, always use a clean out tool.

Electric Start Module

- Connect a 15A extension cord from a wall receptacle to this module to enable electric starting.

Primer Button

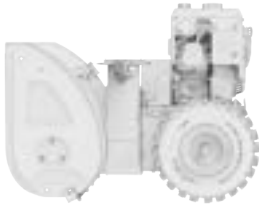
- Press 2 times before starting. Do not press if engine is warm.

Propulsion Control Lever

- Engages the self-propelled wheels to run at the speed set by the speed selector lever.
- With one-hand control feature, the propulsion control lever locks the auger control lever in an engaged state, so you can release the auger control lever to reach other controls without stopping the unit.

2.3 MAKE SURE YOU HAVE EVERYTHING

Make sure your snowthrower has everything listed in the table below.



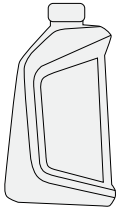
Snowthrower



Chute Clamps



Chute



Oil Bottle



Spark Plug Wrench



Ignition keys



Extra Shear Bolts



Extra Bow-tie Locking Cotter Pins



Chute Rotation Crank



Speed Selector Knob



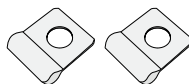
Chute Deflector Knob



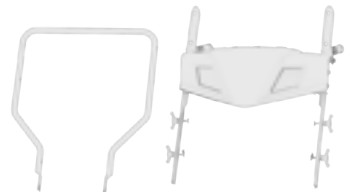
Speed Selection Rod



Skid Shoes



Cable Support Brackets

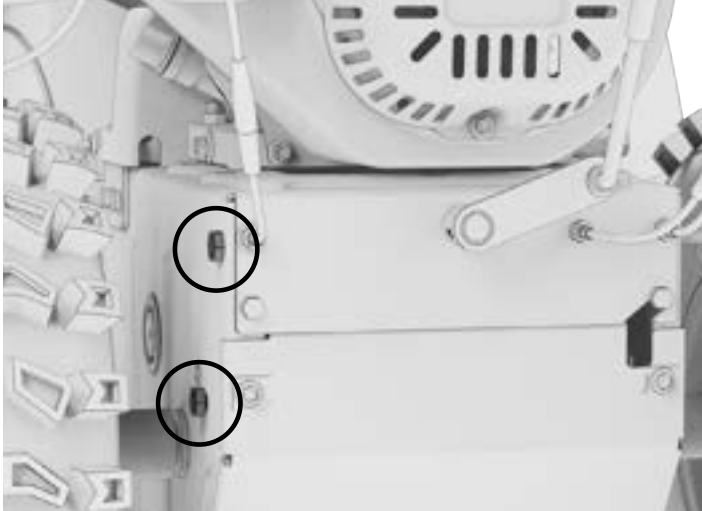


Handle

3. ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Installing the Handle

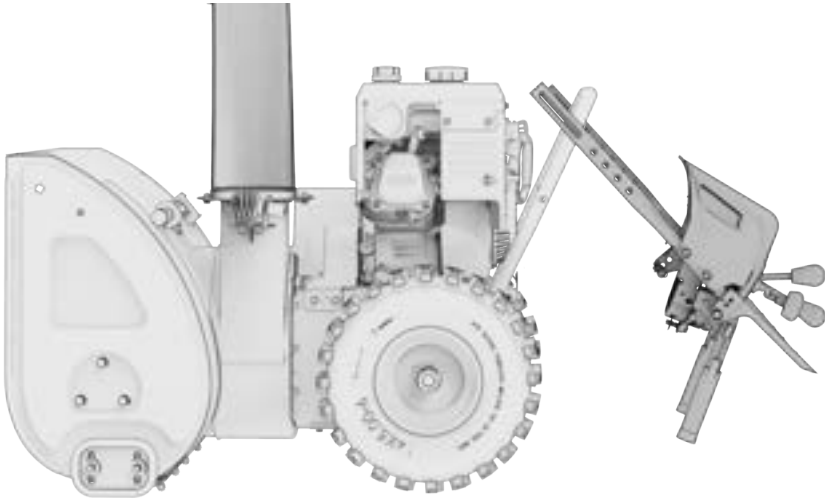
1. The handle mounting bolts are pre-installed in the correct location. Note the location, then loosen and remove.



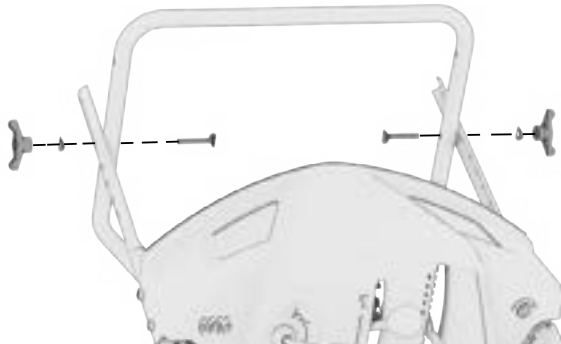
2. Thread the bolts through the handle and re-screw into the snowthrower body.



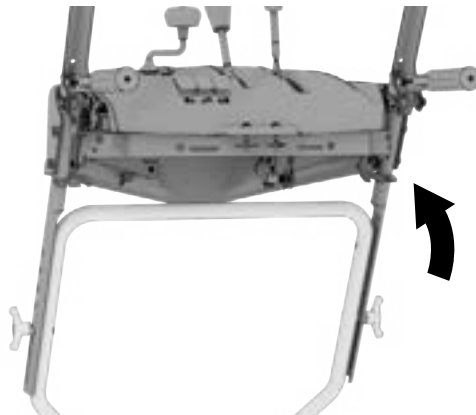
- Resting the handle grips on the ground behind the snowthrower, pivot the mounting end of the handle upwards. Align the mounting holes of the handle with the height position of your choice.



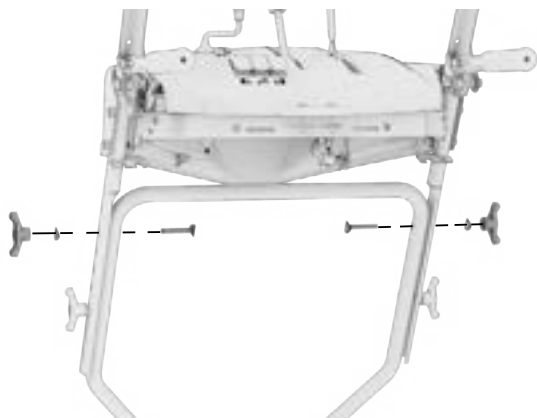
- On each side of handle as seen from operator's point of view, insert the bolt and secure with washer and handle knob.



- Pivot handle grips upwards until aligned with second set of holes in handle.

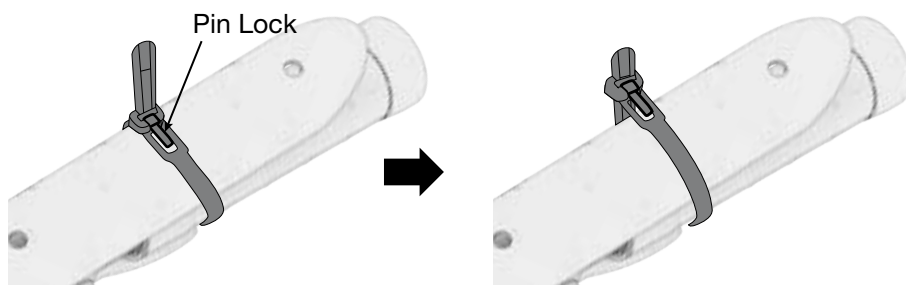


6. Insert the bolt and secure with washer and handle knob.



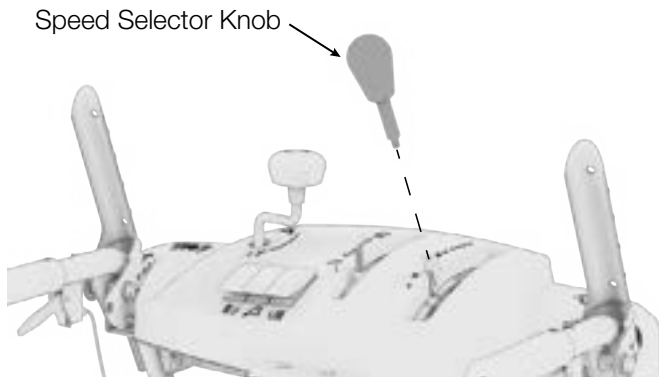
NOTE

- Remove the reusable zip tie on the propulsion control lever and auger control lever by pressing the pin lock and pulling the head to remove.

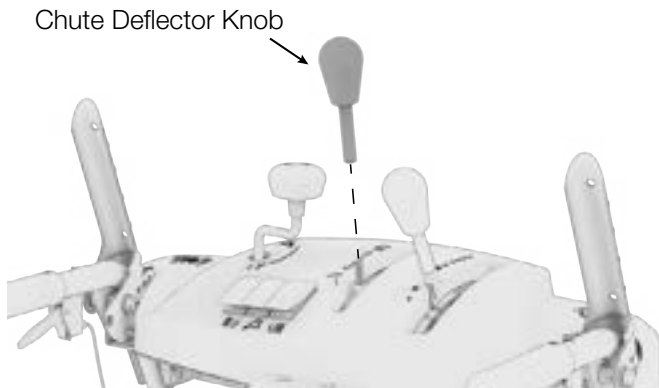


3.2 Installing the Speed Selector and Chute Deflector Lever

Screw the speed selection lever into the top panel.



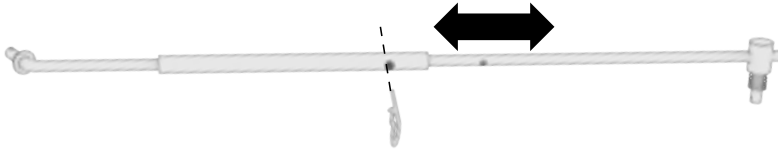
Screw the chute deflector lever into the top panel.



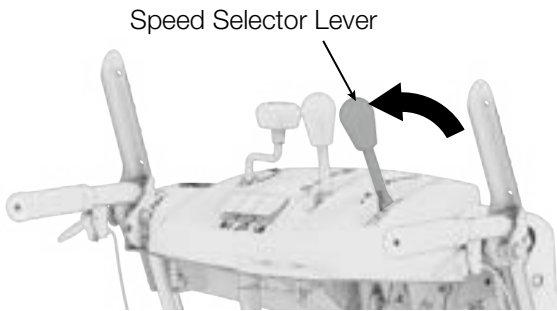
3.3 Installing the Speed Selection Rod

The speed selection rod needs to match the height of your handle. There are 4 length positions on the speed selection rod that match the 4 height positions of the handles. For example, if you assembled your handles at the tallest position choose the longest length of the speed selector rod. If you assembled your handles at the shortest position choose the shortest length of the speed selector rod.

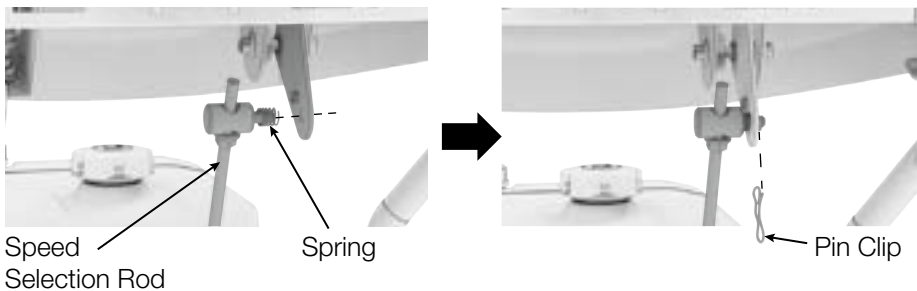
1. Assemble the two parts of the speed selection rod and adjust the height (1, 2, 3 or 4). Align the holes and secure with pin clip.



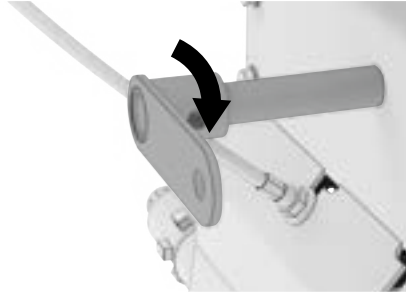
2. Move the speed selection lever to lowest position, Reverse-2 on most models.



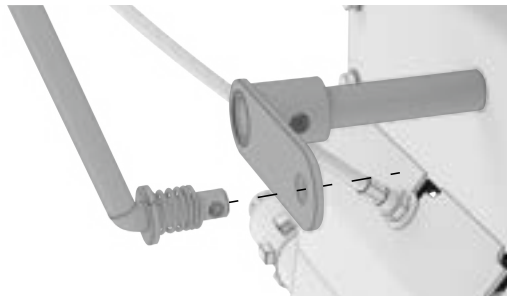
3. Add spring and washer to angled end of speed selection rod. Push rod through bracket on bottom casing, secure with pin clip.



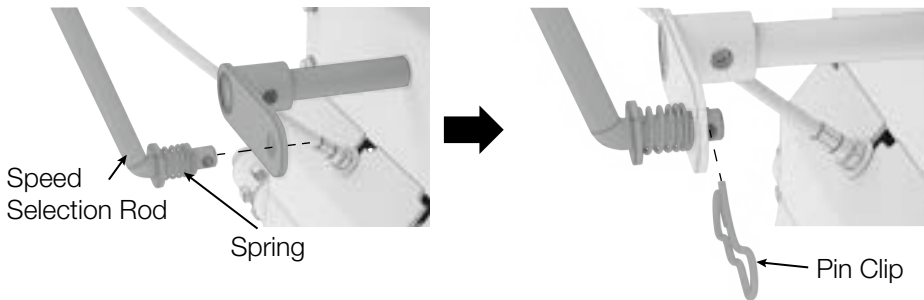
4. Move the bracket on bottom casing to the lowest position, ensure it stays here until the end of this section.



5. Thread right angle bracket down threaded end of speed selection rod until it aligns with bottom bracket of speed selection lever.

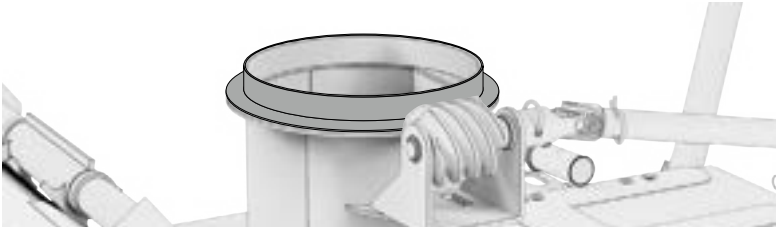


6. Add spring and washer to right angle bracket. Push right angle bracket through bottom bracket of speed selection lever, secure with pin clip.

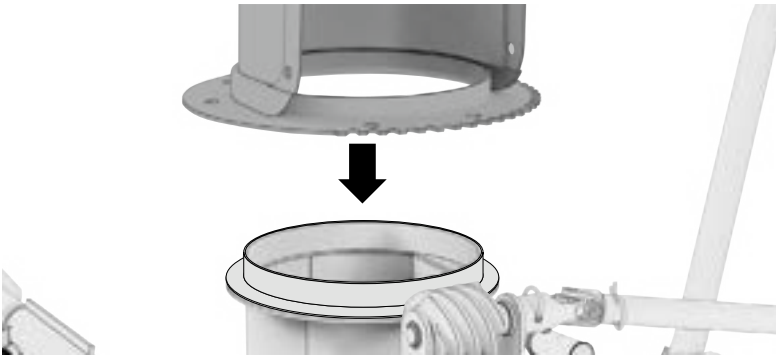


3.4 Installing the Chute

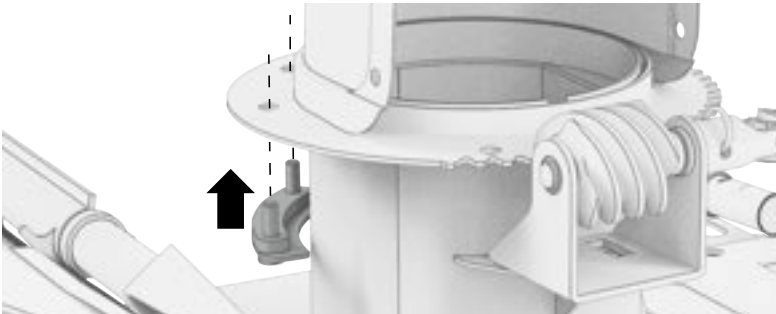
1. The low-friction chute collar should come pre-installed, ensure it is in place and properly aligned around the opening at the top of the impeller housing.



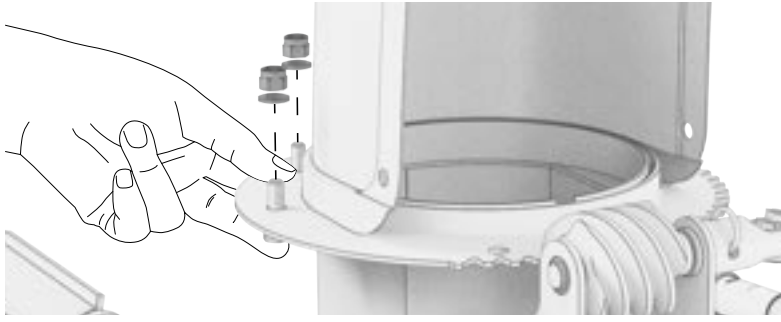
2. Place chute over chute collar, ensuring chute collar is not distorted, and gear teeth mate with worm gear.



3. Thread two bolts up through chute clamp and add two spacers.



4. Fasten clamp to chute with two washers and nuts.



5. Ensure chute clamp extends below the top lip of the impeller housing.

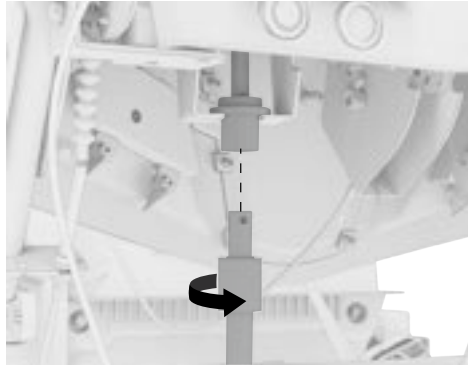


6. Repeat with remaining chute clamps.



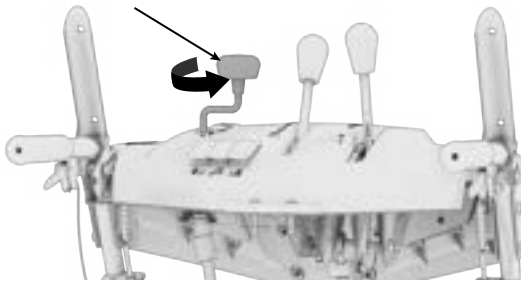
3.5 Installing the Chute Rotation Crank

1. Route the cable under the dashboard and secure it to the chute rotation crank handle.

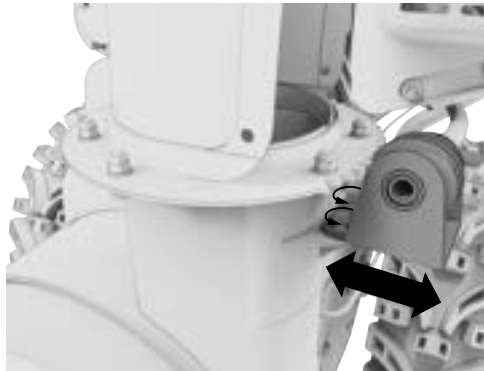


2. Ensure crank can easily rotate chute with little effort.

Chute Rotation Crank

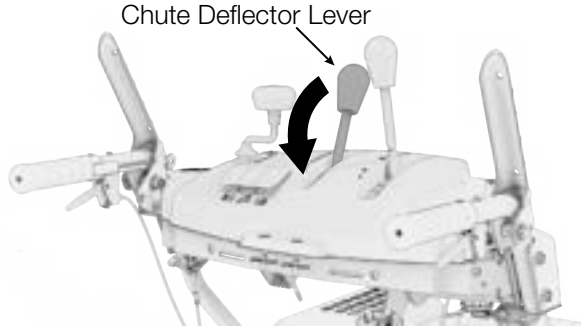


3. If needed, adjust the worm gear position by loosening, adjusting, and re-tightening the worm gear mounting bolts.

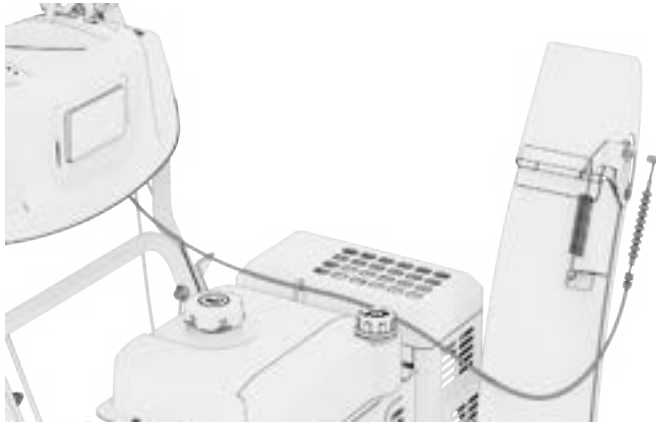


3.6 Installing the Chute Deflection Cable

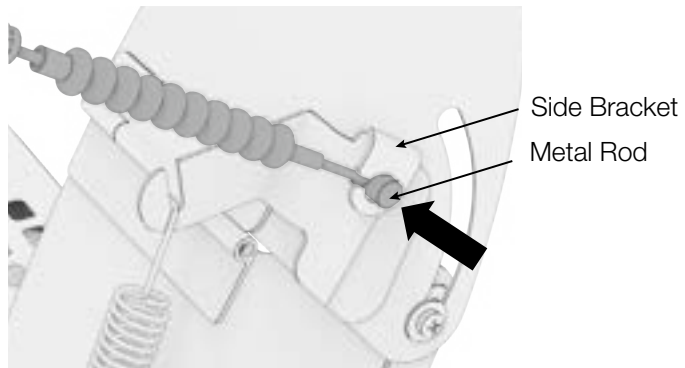
1. Move the chute deflector lever to lowest position on the control panel.



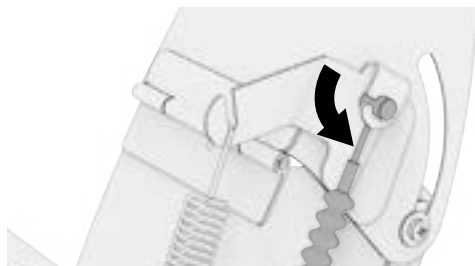
2. Find the cable marked C and ensure the cable is loose and not tangled in other cables.



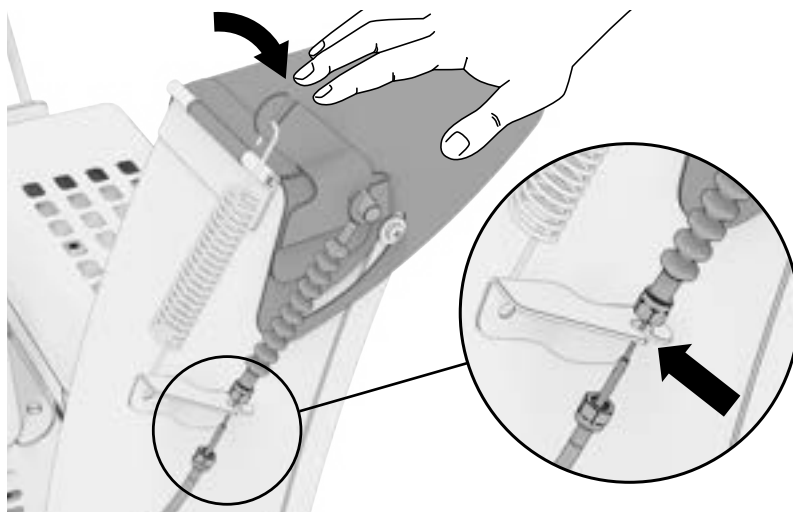
3. Insert the metal rod affixed to the end of the cable into the side bracket of the chute deflector.



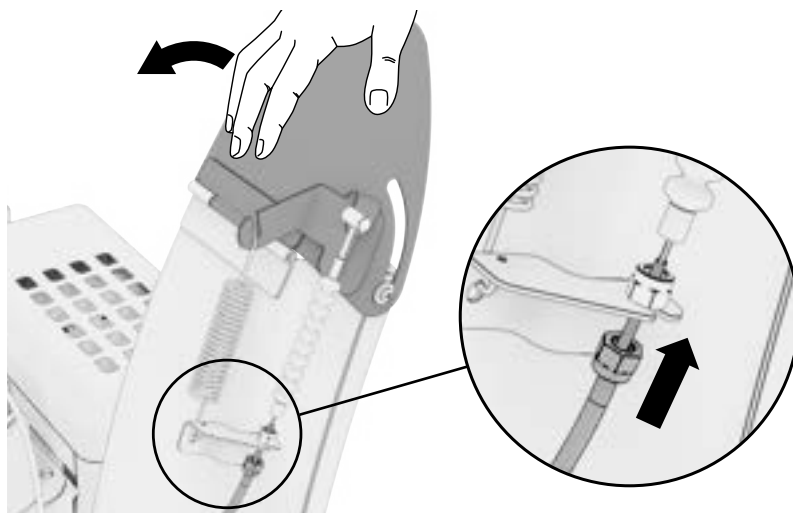
4. Rotate the cable downwards, it should now be held inside the bracket.



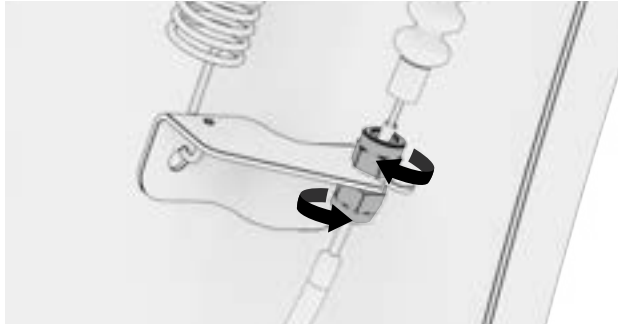
5. Push down the chute deflector with one hand so that you can thread the thin interior cable into the side bracket of the chute. The two threaded nuts should be on opposite sides of the bracket.



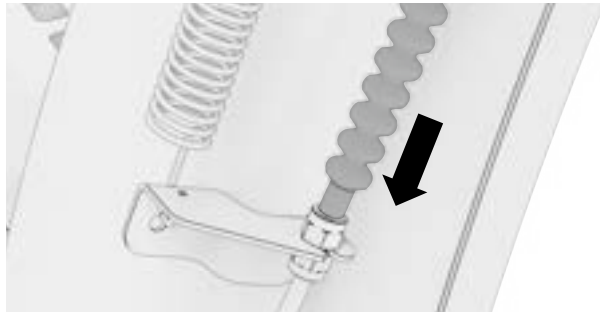
6. Bring the threaded rod of the cable up through the bracket as you release the chute deflector.



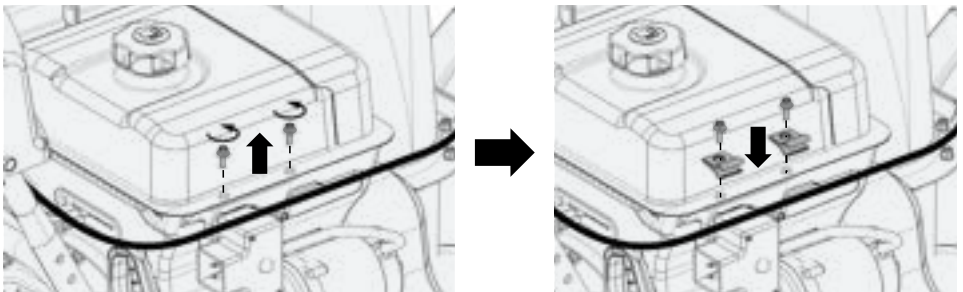
7. Lightly pull on the cable to keep it straight, then tighten the two nuts on either side of the bracket with a wrench.



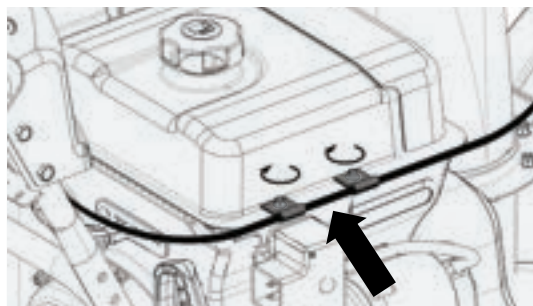
8. Slide the rubber part over the bolt end to prevent water from entering.



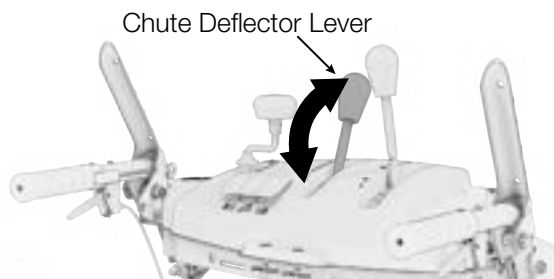
9. Loosen the screws on the side of the gas tank and add the cable support brackets.



10. Clip the chute deflection cable into the supports and fasten.

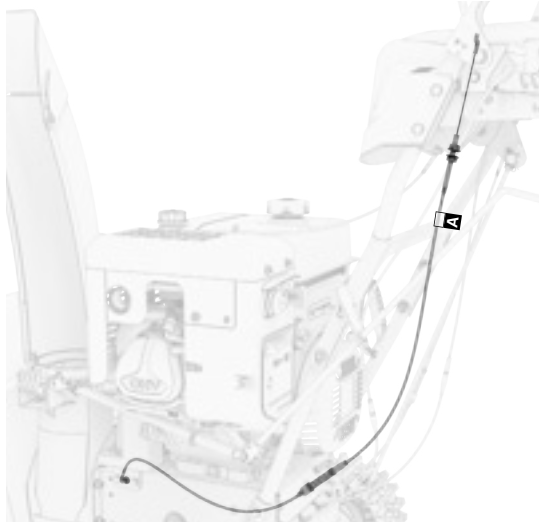


11. Test the chute deflector by operating the chute deflector lever. Adjust position of the two nuts as needed.



3.7 Installing the Auger and Propulsion Cables

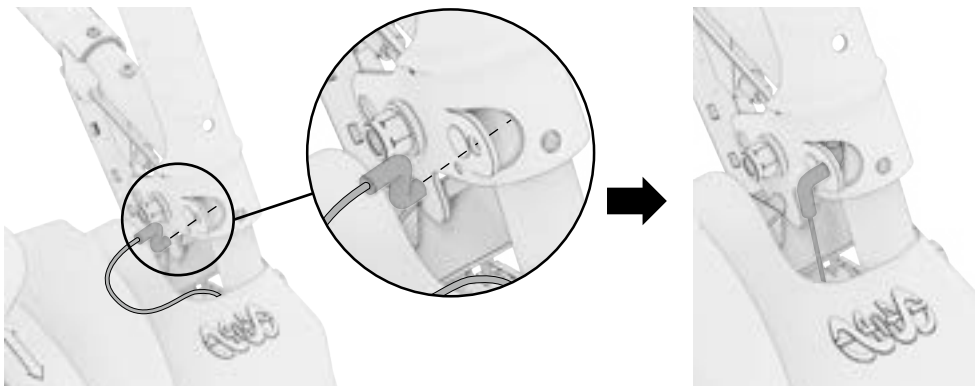
1. Find the cable marked A and ensure the cable is loose and not tangled in other cables.



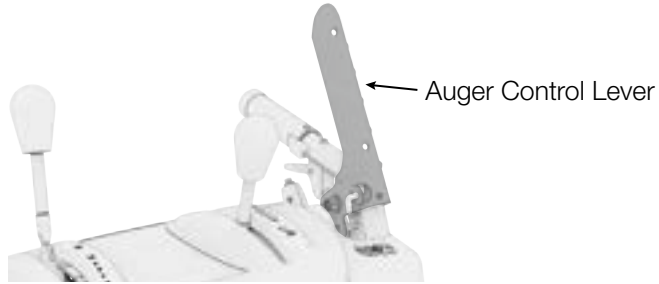
2. Thread cable straight up through the panel, to the inside of the control lever.



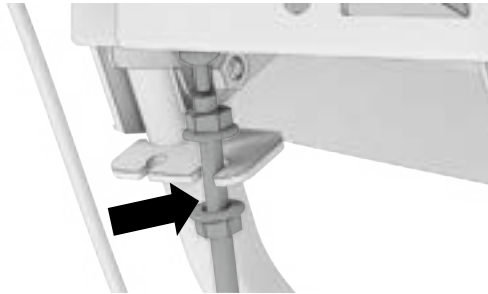
3. Thread metal end of cable through hole on side of lever. Let cable rest so it hangs straight down.



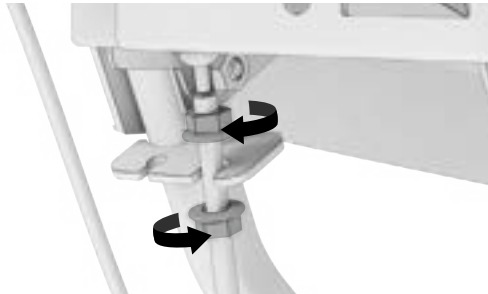
- 4. Control lever should be up, in the non-engaged position.



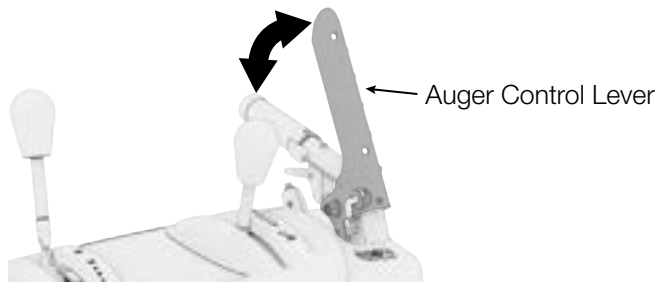
- 5. Align the threaded rod of the cable inside the bracket below the control lever.



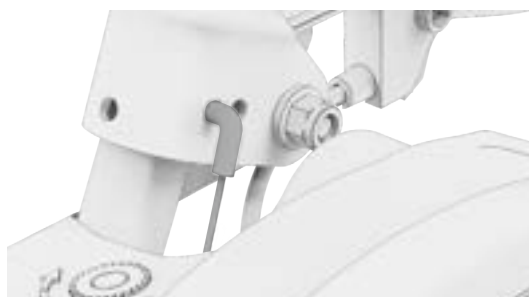
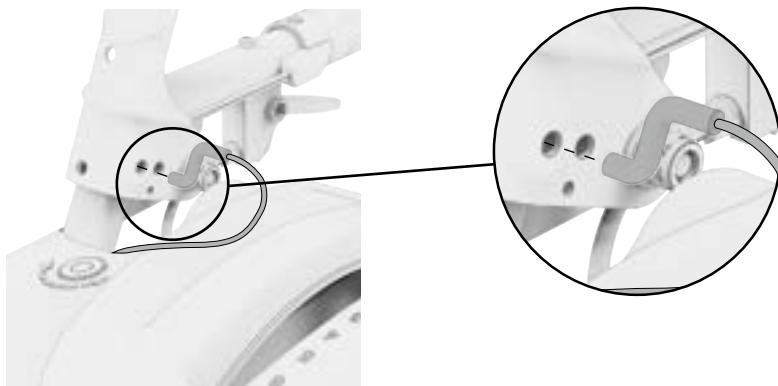
- 6. Lightly pull on the cable to keep it straight, then tighten the two nuts on either side of the bracket.



- 7. Test the control lever by pushing it into the handle grip. Adjust position of the two nuts as needed.



8. Repeat for the other control lever using the propulsion cable marked B.



3.8 Installing the Skid Shoes

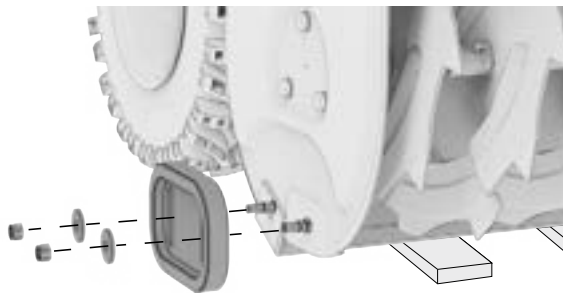
1. Place the unit on a level surface. Lift auger housing and place a support of desired thickness underneath the scraper bar.



- a. If removing snow from a hard surface such as a paved driveway or walk, use a thin support to keep the scraper bar close to the ground.
- b. If removing snow from gravel-covered or uneven surfaces, use a thicker support to keep the scraper bar further from the surface. This will help prevent rocks and other debris from being picked up and thrown by the impeller.

Condition	Imperial	Metric
Ordinary Snow Conditions	5/32 - 5/16 in	4 - 8 mm
Smooth, Ice-covered Surfaces	0 - 3/16 in	0 - 5 mm
Rough or Uneven Surfaces	1 - 1 3/16 in	25 - 30 mm

2. Thread the skid shoe mounting bolts through the auger housing and skid shoes, loosely attach the nuts.



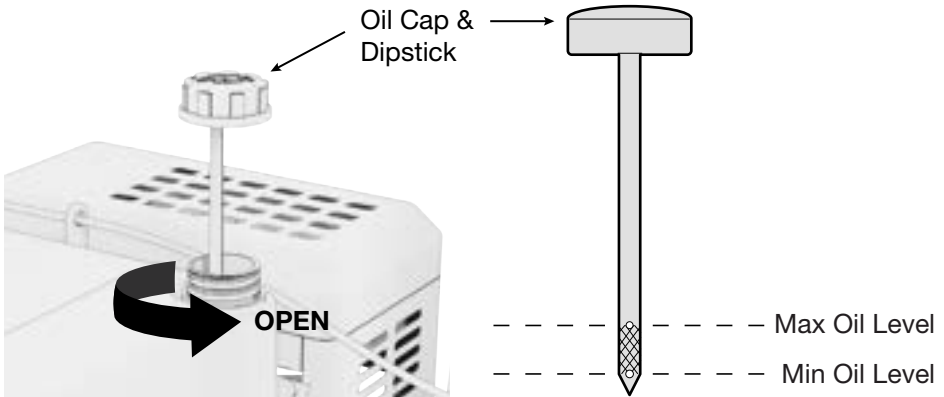
3. Allow each loose skid shoe to rest on the ground. Tighten the mounting nuts to fix the shoes to this position.



4. PRE-OPERATION CHECK

The engine was shipped from the factory without oil. Before you start the engine, ensure that you add oil according to the instructions in this manual. If you start the engine without oil, it will be damaged beyond repair and will not be covered under the warranty.

4.1 ADD OIL

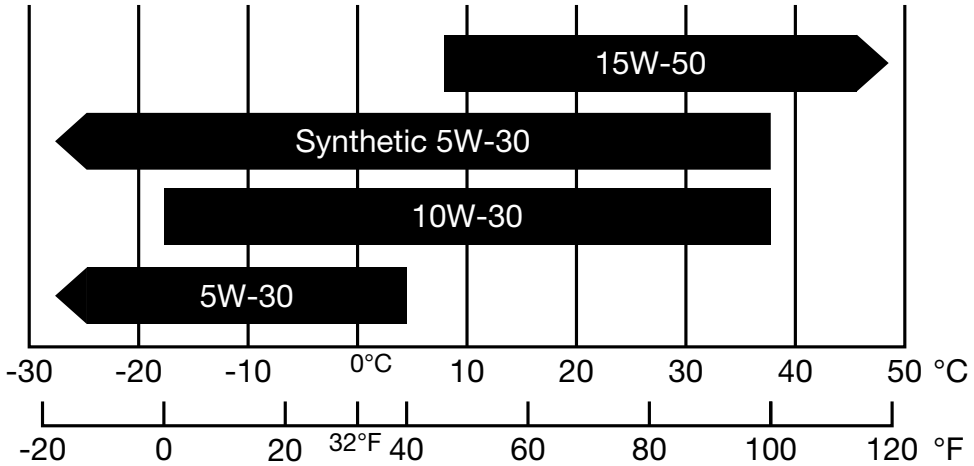


1. Set the snowthrower on a level surface and the power switch to OFF.
2. Clean the oil fill area of any moisture or debris.
3. Unscrew the oil dipstick and wipe it off.
4. Remove the dipstick and fill the oil to the maximum oil mark. Check the oil level by reinserting the dipstick *without* rethreading it.
5. Reinsert the dipstick and tighten securely.

NOTE

- Oil max. capacity: 20 fl. oz. / 600 mL
- SAE 5W-30 or 5W-40 is recommended for general use.
- Use of synthetic oil does not change maintenance intervals.
- DO NOT OVERFILL.

Effective Viscosity Range of Engine Oils



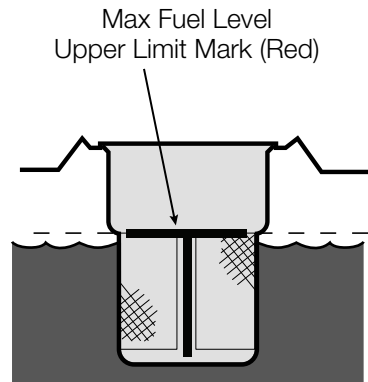
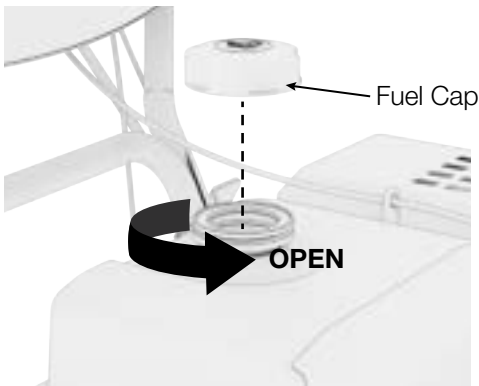
- Do not tilt when adding engine oil. This could result in overfilling and damage to the engine.
- Use high quality 4-stroke engine oil, certified to meet or exceed API standard SG, SF, SAE ratings with strong detergents. Using non-detergent or 2-stroke oil could shorten the engine's working life.
- Do not mix different engine oils.
- Handle and store the engine oil with care, avoid getting dirt or dust into the engine oil.
- To avoid damaging the engine, check the oil level as often as possible.

4.2 ADD FUEL

⚠ DANGER! ⚠

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions. Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped. Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in the area where the engine is being refueled or where gasoline is stored. Do not overfill the tank. Be careful not to spill fuel when refueling. Wipe up any spilled gasoline and let the area dry before starting the engine.

Gasoline substitutes such as gasohol are not recommended. They may be harmful to the fuel system components.



NOTE

- Fuel max. capacity: 0.7 Gal / 2.5 L
- Use of gasoline with an ethanol content greater than 10% can damage the engine and the fuel system and will void the manufacturer's warranty.
- Only use unleaded gasoline (Octane 85 or higher).
- Never use stale or contaminated gasoline, or an oil/gasoline mixture.
- Avoid getting dirt or water into the fuel tank.
- Do not use a mixture of gasoline containing methanol. This will cause serious damage to the engine.

4.3 SURVEY YOUR AREA

- 1.** Familiarize yourself with the area in which you plan to operate the snowthrower. Mark off all boundaries of walkways and driveways.
- 2.** Ensure the area to be cleared is free of debris or objects that could be picked up by the auger and thrown from the chute.
- 3.** Ensure the operating area is clear of bystanders, especially children. Be alert and turn the unit off if bystanders enter the area. Use extra care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure vision.

5. STARTING THE ENGINE

DANGER!

Using a gas powered engine indoors **WILL KILL YOU IN MINUTES.**

Engine exhaust contains high levels of carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas you cannot see or smell. If you can smell the engine exhaust you are breathing CO. Even if you cannot smell the exhaust, you could be breathing CO.

NEVER use a engine inside a home, garage, crawlspace, or other partly enclosed area, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can build up in these areas. Using a fan or opening windows and doors will **NOT** supply enough fresh air.

ONLY use a engine outdoors and far away from open windows, doors, and vents. These openings can pull in engine exhaust. Even when you use a engine correctly, CO may leak into the home. **ALWAYS** use a CO alarm in your home.

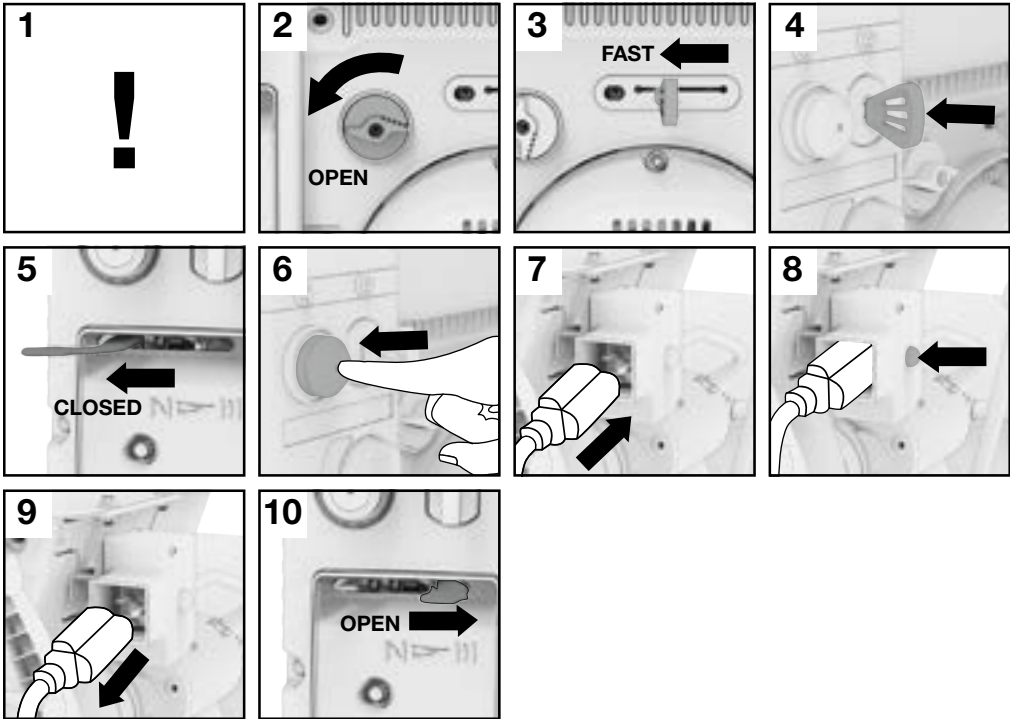
If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak after the engine has been running, move to fresh air **RIGHT AWAY** and seek medical attention. You could have carbon monoxide poisoning. Never run the engine in an enclosed or even partially enclosed area where people may be present.

NOTE

- Do not crank the engine with the spark plug removed.
- Do not over-prime the engine. If the engine floods, set choke (if equipped) to OPEN/RUN position, move throttle (if equipped) to FAST position and crank until engine starts.

5.1 STARTING THE ENGINE

5.1.1 Electric Start

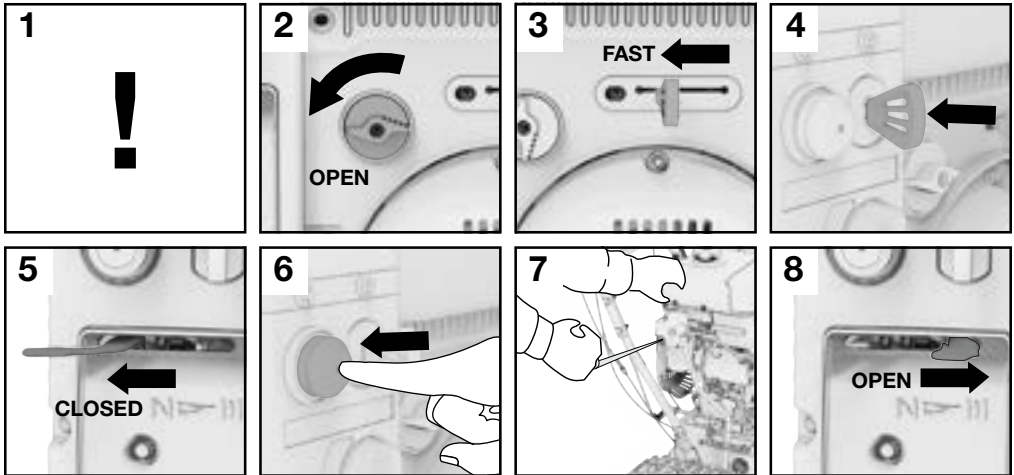


1. Ensure the auger control and traction control levers are disengaged.
2. Turn the fuel shut-off valve to OPEN.
3. Move the throttle lever to FAST.
4. Insert the POWER key.
5. Turn the choke lever to CLOSED. Note: Leave in OPEN if engine is warm.
6. Press the primer 2 times. Note: Do not press if engine is warm.
7. Connect an extension cord from a wall receptacle to the electric start module on the engine.
8. Press and hold the START button for no more than 5 seconds then release. If it does not start after 5 attempts consult the troubleshooting chapter.
9. Disconnect the extension cord from the wall receptacle and then from the starter box.
10. Allow the engine to warm up for several minutes. Gradually move the choke lever to the OPEN position.

5.1.2 Manual Recoil Start

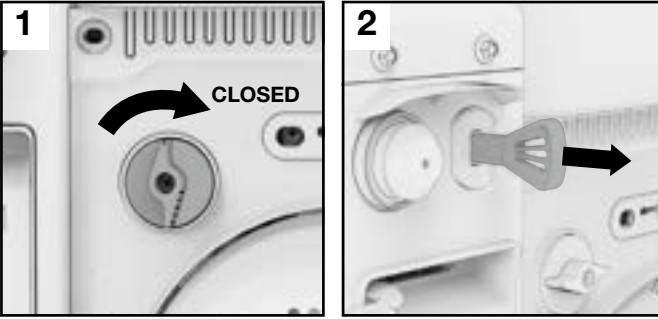
NOTE

- Return the starter grip slowly by hand, do not let it snap back.
- Rapid retraction of the starter cord (kickback) will pull your hand and arm toward the engine faster than you can let go and may cause injury.



1. Ensure the auger control and traction control levers are disengaged.
2. Turn the fuel shut-off valve to OPEN.
3. Move the throttle lever to FAST.
4. Insert the POWER key.
5. Turn the choke lever to CLOSED. Note: Leave in OPEN if engine is warm.
6. Press the primer 2 times. Note: Do not press if engine is warm.
7. Pull the recoil grip slowly until it engages then pull quickly. Repeat until the engine starts.
8. Allow the engine to warm up for several minutes. Gradually move the choke lever to the OPEN position.

6. STOPPING THE ENGINE



1. Turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED.
2. Remove the POWER key or turn throttle to STOP.

NOTE

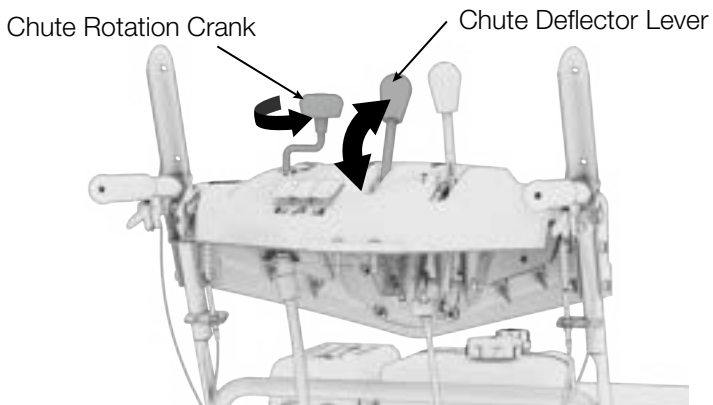
- Make sure the fuel valve is in the CLOSED position when stopping, transporting, and storing the engine.

7. USING YOUR SNOWTHROWER

7.1 ADJUSTING THE CHUTE AND CHUTE DEFLECTOR

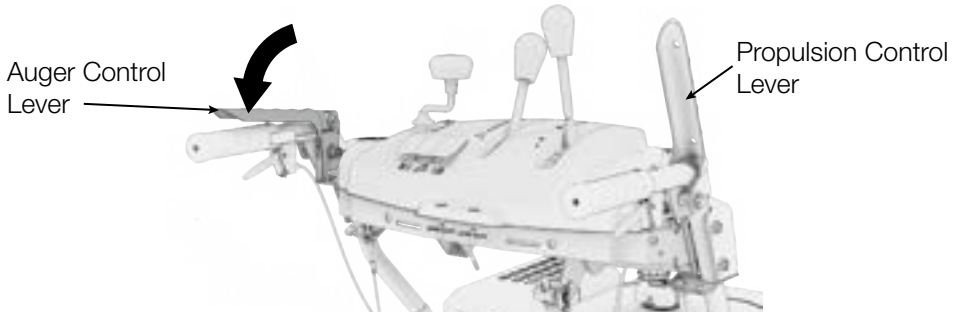
⚠ WARNING!

Ice, gravel, or other unintended objects can be picked up by the auger and thrown from the chute with force. Objects thrown from the chute could cause death, serious injury, or property damage.

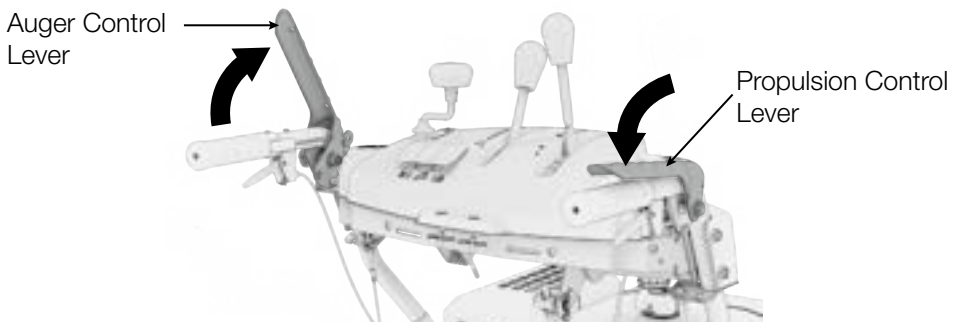


1. Rotate the chute rotation crank to set the direction of the discharge chute.
2. Use the chute deflector lever to move the deflector up or down. Raise the chute deflector lever to throw snow further.

7.2 ENGAGING THE AUGER AND IMPELLER



Fully press the auger control lever into the grip of the left handle to engage the auger and impeller.

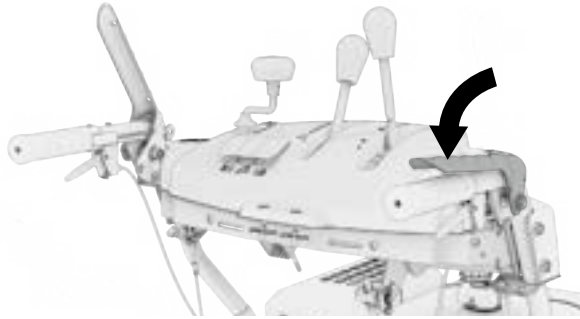


With one-hand control feature, if the propulsion control lever is engaged with your right hand you can release your left hand from the auger control lever to reach other controls without stopping the unit. The propulsion control lever must first be released to then release the auger control lever.

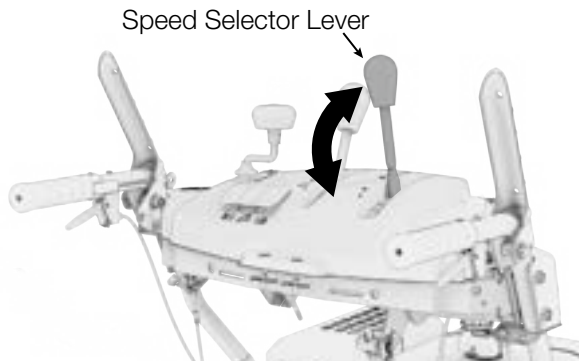
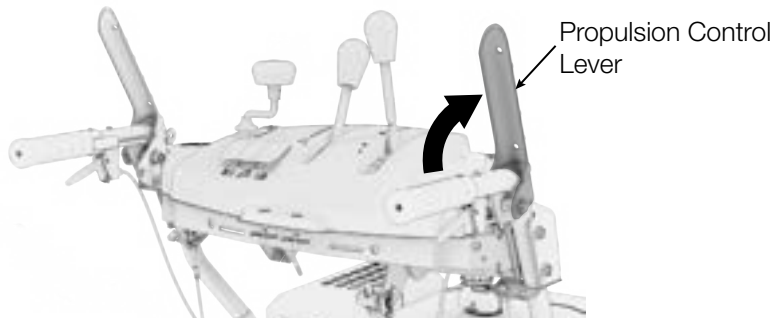
NOTE

- Adjust the control cable. See Adjusting the Auger and Traction Cable.

7.3 ENGAGING THE DRIVE WHEELS



To move, fully press the propulsion control lever into the grip of the right handle.

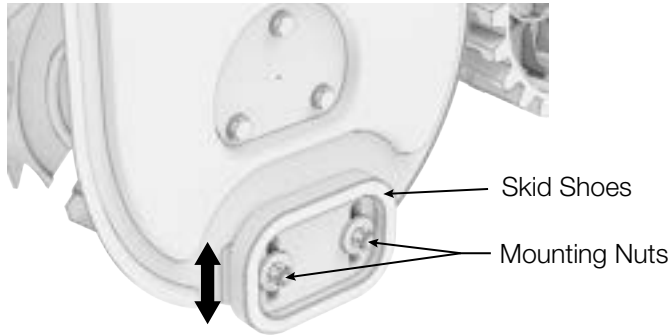


To change speed or reverse, release the propulsion control lever and shift the speed select lever into desired position. Reengage the propulsion control lever.

NOTE

- To stop, release the propulsion control lever. Unit must stop immediately. If it does not: Adjust the traction control cable. See *Adjusting the Auger and Propulsion Cable*.

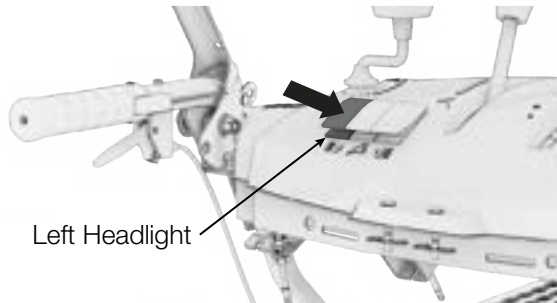
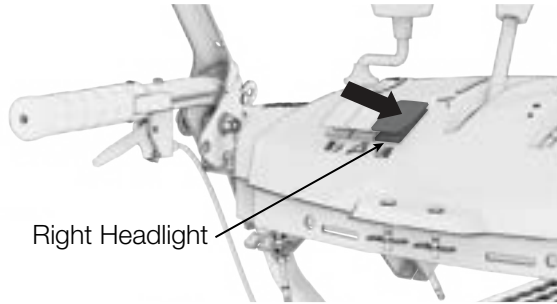
7.4 ADJUSTING THE SKID SHOE HEIGHT



1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
 - a. If removing snow from a hard surface such as a paved driveway or walk, adjust the skids shoes higher on the auger housing to lower the scraper bar closer to the surface.
 - b. If removing snow from gravel-covered or uneven surfaces, adjust the skids shoes lower on the auger housing to raise the scraper bar further from the surface. This will help prevent rocks and other debris from being picked up and thrown by the auger and impeller.
2. Allow each loose skid shoe to rest on the ground's surface, then tighten the mounting nuts.

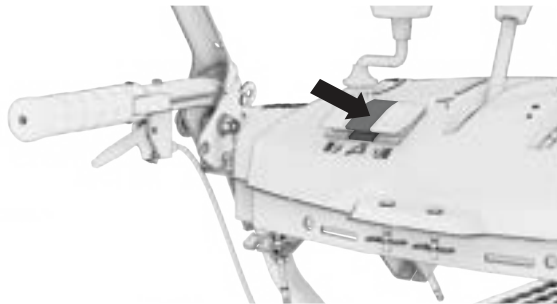
7.5 USING THE HEADLIGHT

To illuminate the area in front of the snowthrower, activate the headlight by turning the headlight switch to ON.



7.6 USING THE HEATED HAND GRIPS

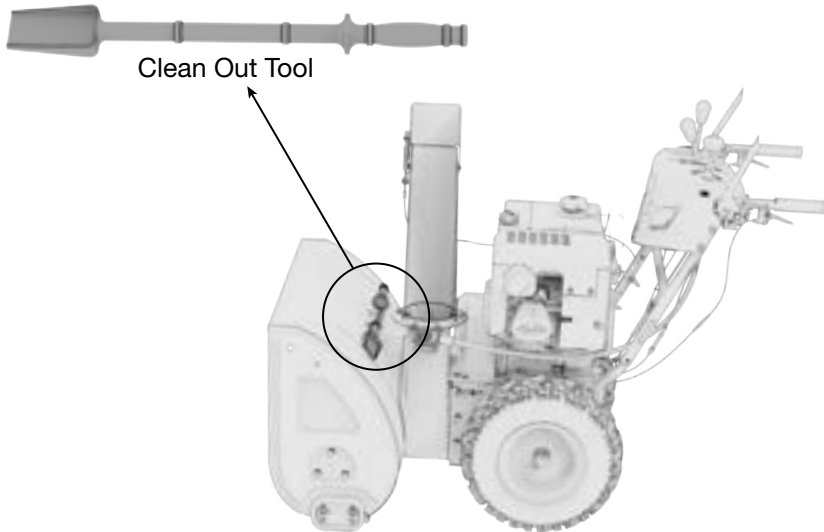
To keep your hands warm in cold weather, activate the heated hand grips by turning the heated grips switch to ON.



7.7 CLEARING A CLOGGED DISCHARGE CHUTE

⚠ DANGER! ⚠

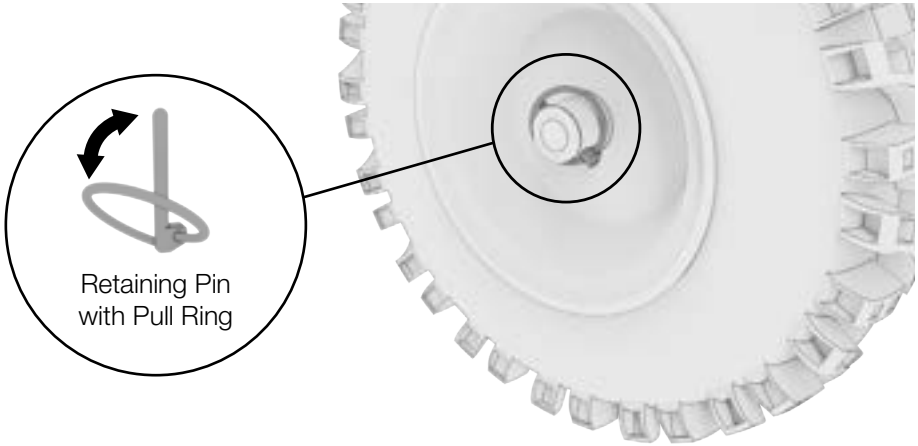
Hand contact with the rotating impeller inside the discharge chute is the most common cause of injury associated with snowthrowers. The discharge chute contains a rotating impeller to throw snow. Fingers can quickly become caught in the impeller resulting in traumatic amputation or severe laceration. Never clear a clogged discharge chute with your hands. Always use a clean-out tool.



1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
2. Ensure that the impeller has stopped rotating.
3. Use a clean-out tool to remove snow from the discharge chute. NEVER clear a clogged discharge chute with your hands!

7.8 USING THE WHEEL RELEASE LOCK PINS

One or both wheels can be temporarily disengaged from the drive axles for ease of handling when transporting the unit.



8. MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING!

Fuel and its vapors are extremely flammable, which could cause burns or fire resulting in death or serious injury. When performing maintenance that requires the unit to be tipped, the fuel tank must be empty, or fuel can leak out and result in a fire or explosion.

Proper maintenance keeps your snowthrower in the best operating condition by ensuring safe, economical and trouble-free operation. Only use genuine parts and recommended fluids to replace the worn components. Improper maintenance may cause malfunction and can lead to serious injury. Contact customer support if you have any maintenance questions.

General Inspection Tips

- Look for fuel leaks around the fuel tank, fuel hose, and fuel valve. Close the fuel valve and repair leaks immediately.
- Look and listen for exhaust leaks while the engine is running. Have all the leaks repaired before continuing operation.
- Check for dirt and debris and clean as necessary .
- Check the engine oil level and add oil as necessary.

8.1 MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Regular maintenance will improve performance and extend the service life. Maintain the snowthrower according to the maintenance schedule below.

NOTE

- Service more frequently when used in dusty areas or adverse conditions.
- These items should be serviced by an authorized service center, unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient. Refer to user guide for service procedures.

Before Each Use
Check engine oil level Check auger and impeller stop time.
First 5 Hours
Change engine oil
Every 25 Hours or 12 Months
Change engine oil Inspect/clean spark arrestor Inspect/clean spark plug Inspect/clean fuel line Check tire pressure Check auger and traction cable adjustment Lubricate control lever linkages ² Lubricate the discharge chute and deflector ² Lubricate the auger assembly ² Lubricate the hex shaft and gear ² Lubricate the drive wheel axles ²
Every 200 Hours
Replace spark plug Clean combustion chamber ¹ Inspect/adjust valve clearance ¹ Clean fuel tank and strainer

¹ Recommend service to be performed by authorized service dealer.

² Lubricate the snowblower as outlined in *Lubricating the Snowthrower*.

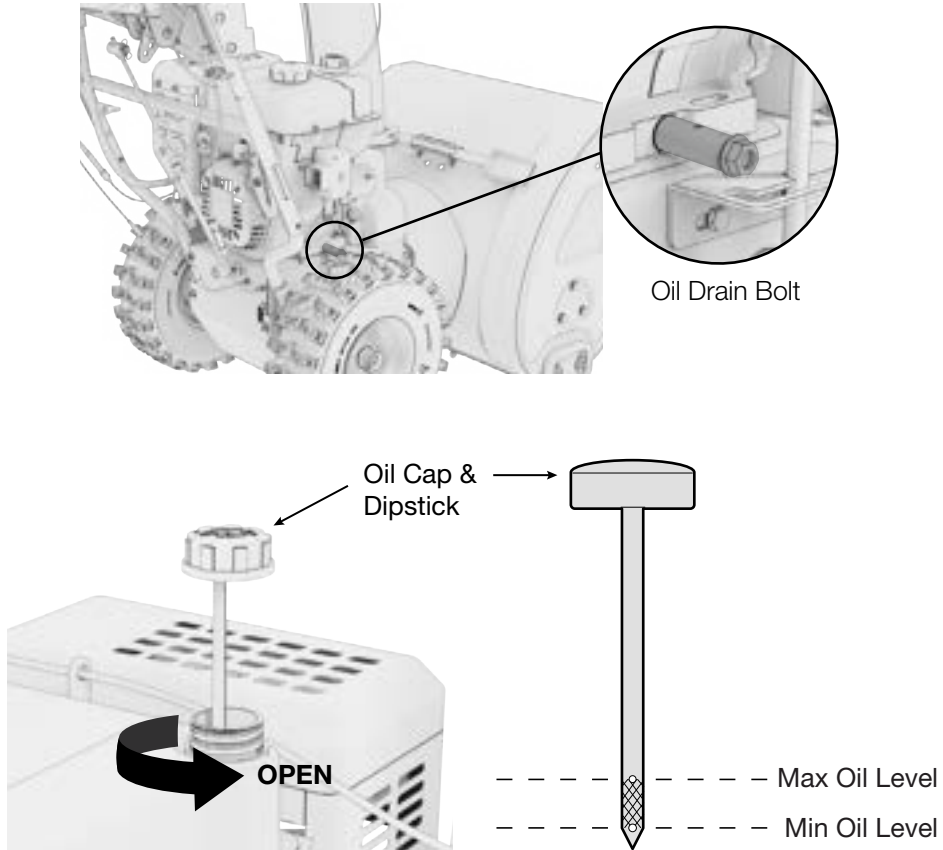
8.2 CHANGING THE ENGINE OIL

⚠ WARNING!

Used motor oil can cause skin irritations if left in long-term contact with skin. Thoroughly wash off used oil as soon as possible with soap and water.

Used oil must be disposed of properly. Do not dispose of used oil in drains or on soil. Local service shops provide environmentally-friendly disposal methods.

Drain the oil rapidly and completely while the engine is still warm.



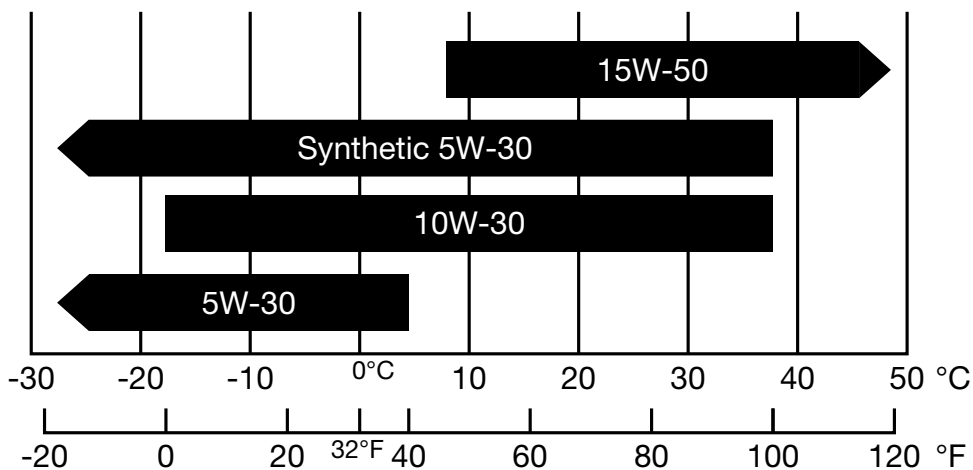
1. With the engine stopped but still warm, place the unit on a level surface and remove the POWER key.
2. Remove the oil drain bolt and tilt the snowthrower slightly to drain the oil into an appropriate container.
3. After the oil has drained, reinstall and tighten the oil drain bolt.
4. Clean any moisture or debris from the oil fill area.
5. Remove oil dipstick and wipe with a clean cloth, set aside.
6. Pour engine oil slowly into the engine oil fill tube. Do not overfill.

7. Wait one minute, then insert and tighten the dipstick. Remove again to check the oil level, it should be at the top of the full indicator.
8. When the oil level is at the top of the full indicator, reinstall and tighten the dipstick securely.

NOTE

- Oil max. capacity: 20 fl. oz. / 600 mL
- SAE 5W-30 or 5W-40 oil is recommended for general use.
- Use of synthetic oil does not change maintenance intervals.
- DO NOT OVERFILL.

Effective Viscosity Range of Engine Oils



NOTE

- Do not tilt when adding engine oil. This could result in overfilling and damage to the engine.
- Use high quality 4-stroke engine oil, certified to meet or exceed API standard SG, SF, SAE ratings with strong detergents. Using non-detergent or 2-stroke oil could shorten the engine's working life.
- Do not mix different engine oils.
- Handle and store the engine oil with care, avoid getting dirt or dust into the engine oil.
- To avoid damaging the engine, check the oil level as often as possible.

8.3 SPARK PLUG SERVICE

NOTE

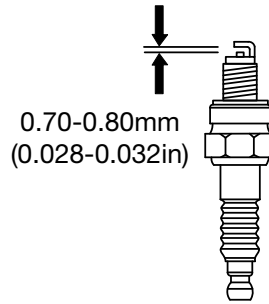
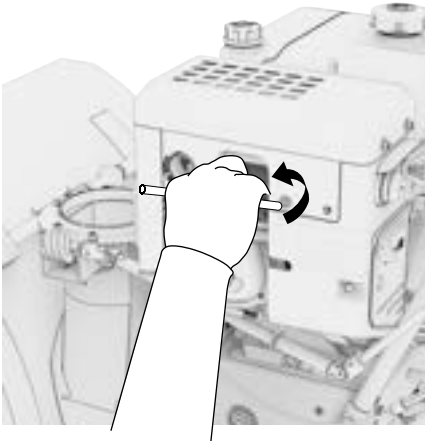
- Do NOT rinse spark plug in water. Follow guidelines and be careful not to overtighten the spark plug.

Recommended spark plug: **F7RTC**

Check the spark plug gap and clean the carbon deposits at the bottom of the spark plug.

Tighten 1/2 turn when installing a new spark plug.

Tighten 1/8 TO 1/4 turn when re-installing an old spark plug.



1. Remove the air filter access panel.
2. Remove the spark plug cap.
3. Remove the spark plug with the spark plug wrench.
4. Visually inspect the spark plug. Replace with a new one if the insulation is cracked or chipped. Clean with a wire brush if the spark plug is reused.
5. Measure the spark plug gap with a feeler gauge. The normal value is: 0.7-0.8mm (0.028- 0.032in). Adjust the gap by carefully bending the electrode.
6. Carefully reinstall the spark plug by hand, to avoid cross-threading. A new spark plug should be tightened 1/2 turn with a wrench. A used spark plug should be tightened 1/8 to 1/4 turn with wrench.
7. Reinstall the spark plug cap.
8. Reinstall the spark plug maintenance cover.

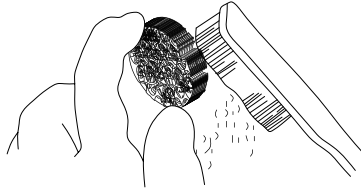
NOTE

- The spark plug must be securely tightened or it could cause the spark plug to heat up enough to damage the engine.
- Never use a spark plug with an improper heat range.

8.4 SPARK ARRESTER MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING!

U.S.A. Models: The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

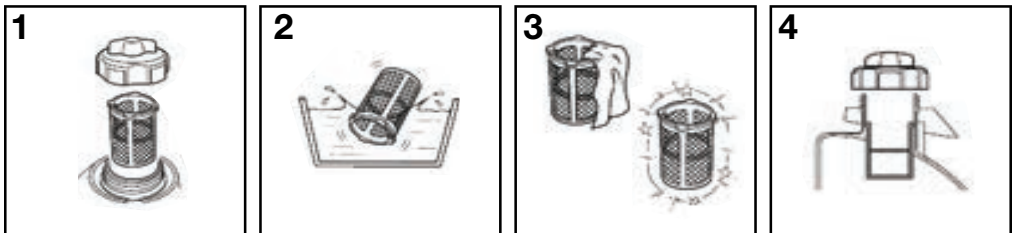


1. Take off the spark arrester from the muffler (after the engine has cooled down)
2. Use a brush to remove carbon deposits from the spark arrester. If the spark arrester is worn down, replace it.
3. Reinstall the spark arrester, muffler guard, and casings.

8.5 FUEL FILTER MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING!

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions. Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped. Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in the area where the snowthrower is being refueled or where gasoline is stored. Do not overfill the tank. Be careful not to spill fuel when refueling. Wipe up any spilled gasoline and let the area dry before starting the engine.



1. Remove the fuel cap and filter.
2. Clean the filter with solvent.
3. Wipe the filter.
4. Reinsert the filter.

8.6 LUBRICATING THE SNOWTHROWER

Lubricate the following locations at least once per year, or every 25h of use.

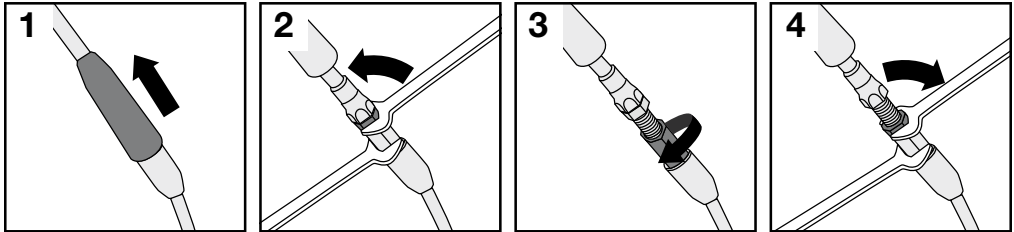
1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
2. Position speed select lever in the first forward gear.
3. Lubricate the control lever linkage with fresh, clean **engine oil**.
4. Lubricate the chute deflector with fresh, clean **engine oil**.
5. Lubricate the discharge chute with **lithium grease**.
6. Lubricate both wheel axles with **lithium grease**.
7. Lubricate the auger shaft assembly with **grease**.
8. Place cardboard or a towel in front of the auger housing, then pivot the snowthrower up on the front of the auger housing.
9. Remove screws from bottom panel and remove the panel.
10. Taking great care not to allow grease or oil to contact the friction wheel or disc drive plate, pour a small amount of fresh, clean **engine oil** to a clean cloth and wipe oil onto the hex shaft.
11. Move the speed select lever to highest gear and wipe oil onto remaining half of hex shaft.
12. Lubricate the sprocket and chain with fresh, clean **engine oil**.

Reinstall bottom panel and pivot snowthrower down onto the wheels.

8.7 ADJUSTING THE AUGER AND PROPULSION CABLE

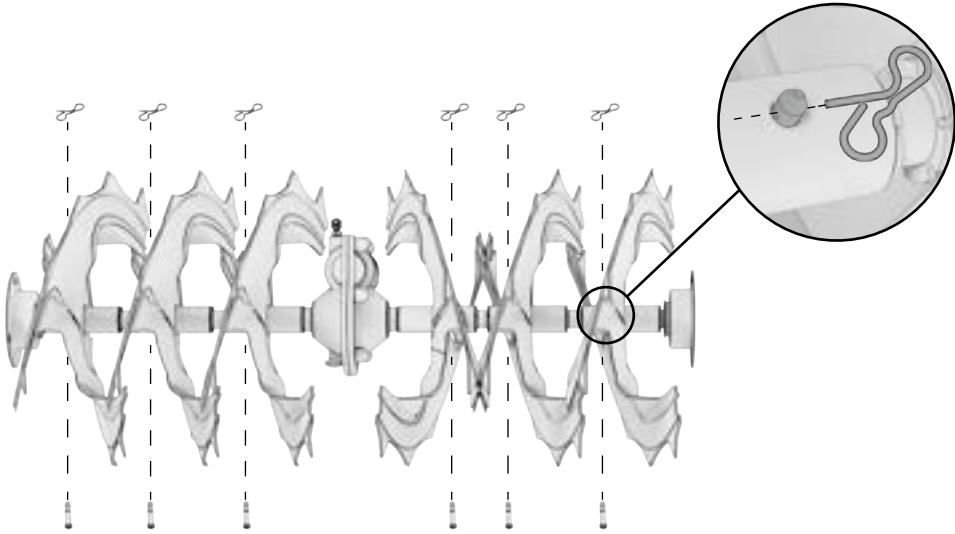
The augers should rotate only when the auger control lever is engaged and must stop within 5 seconds of the auger control lever being released. The wheels should only move when propulsion control lever is engaged and must stop immediately when the propulsion control lever is released. If the auger or wheels do not stop as described, adjust the control cable or contact an authorized service dealer to adjust the control cable.

Over-tightening the auger or propulsion cables may cause the auger or wheels to rotate even if the control levers are not engaged. Follow the adjustment procedure to ensure the cables are not over-tightened.



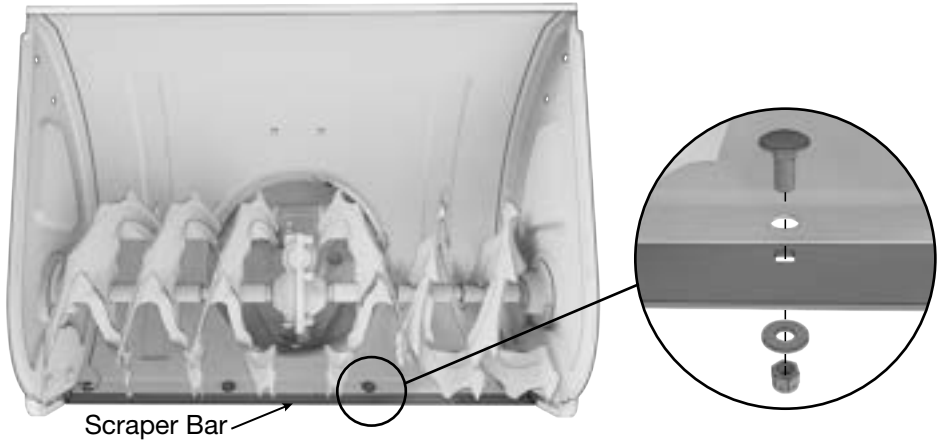
1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
2. Loosen jam nut.
3. Hold control cable to keep it from rotating, turn collar to remove slack, do not over-tighten.
4. Tighten jam nut.
5. Start the engine, then check operation using the tests below:
 - a. Test 1: Auger.
 - i. Press down on the auger control lever - The auger/impeller should rotate.
 - ii. Release the auger control lever - The auger/impeller must stop within 5 seconds.
 - b. Test 2: Propulsion. With the speed control lever in 1st gear:
 - i. Press down on the propulsion control lever - The unit should move forward.
 - ii. Release the propulsion control lever - The unit must stop immediately.
 - c. Test 3: One-Hand Feature.
 - i. Engage the auger and propulsion control levers, then release the auger control lever - Both controls should remain engaged.
 - ii. Release the propulsion control lever - Both controls must release.
6. If the unit does not operate as described, DO NOT use it. Contact customer support to have the unit inspected, adjusted, or repaired.

8.8 REPLACING THE AUGER SHEAR BOLT



1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
2. Remove the existing shear bolt and pin clip.
3. Add grease to the auger shaft assembly. Spin the auger to lubricate the auger shaft.
4. Align the bolt holes. Install a new shear bolt through the auger shaft and secure with a pin clip.

8.9 REPLACING THE SCRAPER BAR



Over time the scraper bar will gradually wear and need replacement.

1. Place the unit on a level surface, turn the fuel shut-off valve to CLOSED, and remove the POWER key.
2. Loosen the retaining nuts and bolts and remove the scraper bar.
3. Align the holes in the new scraper bar with the holes in the auger housing.
4. Install the retaining nuts and bolts, tighten them securely.
5. Check the clearance between the scraper bar and the surface.
6. Adjust the skid shoes, if necessary, to maintain ground clearance for the type of surface being cleared. See Adjusting the Skid Shoe Height.

8.10 CHECKING TIRE PRESSURE

⚠ WARNING!

Explosion hazard - Over-inflation of tires may cause them to explode, which could result in serious injury.

Do not inflate the tires above the maximum pressure.

Tire pressure should be checked periodically. Recommended tire pressure varies by tire manufacturer. A good rule of thumb is to inflate the tire up to, but not exceeding, the “Max Inflation” stamped on the side-wall of the tire.

8.11 CARBURETOR MODIFICATION FOR HIGH ALTITUDE OPERATION (Above 2000 feet)

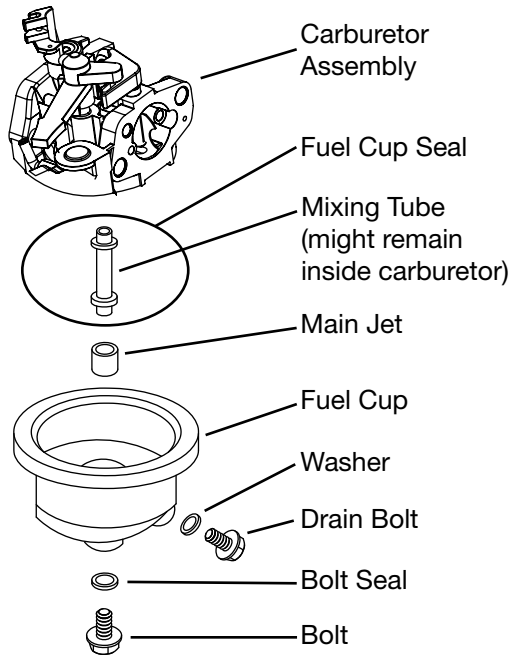
NOTE

- This engine is equipped to run at altitudes below 2,000-ft.
- A high-altitude Main Jet is recommended when operated at 2,000 to 7,000-ft above sea level.
- At elevations above 7,000-ft the engine may experience decreased performance even with a high-altitude Main Jet.

At high altitudes the carburetor's air/fuel mixture becomes too rich, resulting in higher fuel consumption, lower performance, and carbon build-up on the spark plug. On the other hand, if the carburetor has been modified for high altitude operation and is operated below 2000-ft, the air/fuel mixture will then be too lean for low altitude use. Always use the correct Main Jet for your altitude.

The engine's carburetor, governor (if so equipped), and any other parts that control the air/fuel ratio will need to be adjusted by a qualified mechanic to allow efficient high-altitude use, and to prevent damage to the engine and any other devices used with this product. The fuel system on this engine may be influenced by operation at higher altitudes.

- Carburetor bowl may have gas in it which will leak upon removing the bolt.
- The mixing tube is held in place by the Main Jet and might fall out when it is removed. If it falls out, replace it in the same orientation before replacing the Main Jet.
- The Fuel Cup Seal and Bolt Seal may be damaged during removal and should be replaced with the new ones.



1. Turn off the engine.
2. Close the fuel valve.
3. Place a bowl under the fuel cup to catch any spilled fuel.
4. Unthread the bolt holding the fuel cup.
5. Remove the bolt, Bolt Seal, fuel cup, Fuel Cup Seal and Main Jet from the body of the carburetor assembly. A carburetor screwdriver (not included) is needed to remove and install the Main Jet.
6. Replace the Main Jet with the replacement Main Jet needed for your altitude range.
7. Replace the Fuel Cup Seal, fuel cup, Bolt Seal, and bolt. Tighten in place. Do not cross thread bolt when tightening. Finger tighten first and then use a wrench to make sure the bolt is properly threaded.
8. Wipe up any spilled fuel and allow excess to evaporate before starting engine. To prevent FIRE, do not start the engine while the smell of fuel hangs in the air.

8.12 EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

Emission Source

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides (NOx) and hydrocarbons. It is very important to control the emissions of NOx and hydrocarbons as they are a major contributor to air pollution. Carbon monoxide is a poisonous gas. The emission of fuel vapors is a source of pollution as well. The engine utilizes a precise air-fuel ratio and emission control system to reduce the emissions of carbon monoxide, NOx, hydrocarbons and evaporative fuel emissions.

Regulation

Your engine has been designed to meet current Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resource Board (CARB) clean air standards. The regulations dictate that the manufacturer provides operation and maintenance standards regarding the emission control systems. Tune up specifications are provided in the Specifications section and a description of the emission control system may be found in the appendix to this manual. Adherence to the following instruction will ensure your engine meets the emission control standards.

Modification

Modification of the emission control system may lead to increased emissions. Modification is defined as the following:

- Disassembling or modifying the function or parts of the intake, fuel or exhaust system.
- Modifying or destroying the speed governing function of the snowthrower.

Engine faults that may affect emission

Any of the following faults must be repaired immediately. Consult with your authorized service centre for diagnosis and repair:

- Hard starting or shut down after starting.
- Unstable idle speed.
- Shut down or backfire after applying an electrical load.
- Backfire or after fire.
- Black smoke and/or excessive fuel consumption.

Replacement parts and accessories

The parts making up the emission control system in your product's engine have been specifically approved and certified by the regulatory agencies. You can trust that the replacement parts supplied by customer service have been manufactured to the same production standard as the original parts. The use of replacement parts or accessories which are not designed by – may negatively affect the engine emission performance. Therefore only use replacements parts and accessories from a qualified service centre to guarantee that the replacement products will not adversely affect emission performance.

Replacement parts other than those from an authorized service centre will void the warranty.

Air Index (Models certified for sale in California)

An Air Index Information label is applied to engines certified to an emission durability time period in accordance with the requirements of the California Air Resources Board.

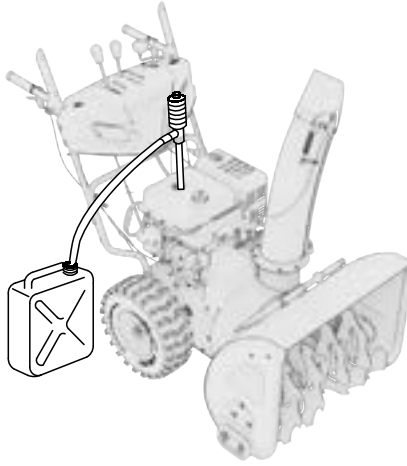
The bar graph is intended to provide you, our customer, the ability to compare the emissions performance of available engines. The lower the Air Index, the less pollution.

The durability description is intended to provide you with information relating to the engine's emission durability period. The descriptive term indicates the useful life period for the engine's emission control system.

The Air Index information hang tag must remain on the engine until it is sold. Remove the hang tag before operating the snowthrower.

9. TRANSPORTATION & STORAGE

Draining the Fuel Tank



Drain the old gas and completely fill the tank with fresh gas. Add a fuel stabilizer according to the manufacturer's directions to keep your fuel fresh over long periods, we recommend B3C fuel additives. Run the engine for 2 minutes to circulate the fuel stabilizer.

Transporting the Snowthrower

1. Do not overfill the fuel tank (No residual fuel on the neck of tank).
2. Avoid exposing the snowthrower to prolonged direct sunlight while in an enclosed vehicle. The high temperature inside the vehicle could cause fuel to vaporize resulting in a possible explosion.
3. Drain the snowthrower of fuel and oil before being transported on rough roads.

Storage

Gasoline can oxidize in as little as 30 days, causing gum and varnish to build up in fuel system components.

NOTE

- Ensure that the storage area is free of excess humidity and dust.

Storage Duration	Preparation Required
Less than 1 Month	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ No storage preparation required, simply store as is.
1 Month to 1 Year	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Drain the old gas and completely fill the tank with fresh gas before storage. Add fuel stabilizer according to the manufacturer's directions. Adding a quality fuel stabilizer can keep gas fresh for up to a year.
1 Year or More	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Drain off the gasoline from the fuel tank, and store in a suitable container. This will help prevent deposits from forming in the fuel system.■ Turn the fuel switch to OPEN and loosen the carburetor drain bolt. Take off the spark plug cap and revolve the engine 3 or 4 times, by pulling the recoil handle, to fully discharge the gasoline from the fuel lines.■ Turn the fuel switch to CLOSED and tighten the drain bolt of the carburetor.■ Change oil while engine is still warm from operation.■ Remove the spark plug, and pour a tablespoon of clean engine oil (10~20ml) into the cylinder. Revolve the engine several times by pulling on the recoil start to distribute the oil. Reinstall the spark plug. Pull the starter grip slowly until you feel resistance. At this point, the piston is coming up on its compression stroke and both the intake and exhaust valves are closed. This position helps to protect the engine from internal corrosion.

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Look for	Solution
Auger does not stop within 5 seconds after auger control lever is released.	Auger control cable out of adjustment.	See Adjusting the Auger and Traction Cable.
Discharge chute or deflector does not work.	Discharge chute or deflector out of adjustment or needs lubrication.	Adjust and/or lubricate control linkage.
Scraper bar does not clean hard surface.	Skid shoes and scraper bar improperly adjusted.	See Adjusting the Skid Shoe Height.
Unit does not propel itself.	Traction control cable out of adjustment.	See Adjusting the Auger and Traction Cable.
Engine does not start.	Key is in OFF position.	Turn key to ON position.
	Primer button not pressed (cold engine).	Press primer button twice and restart.
	Fuel shut-off valve (if equipped) is in CLOSED position.	Turn valve to OPEN position.
	Out of fuel.	Fill fuel tank.
	Choke turned to OPEN/RUN (cold engine).	Turn choke to CLOSED/START, set throttle to FAST.
	Engine flooded.	Move the choke to OPEN/RUN position, move throttle to FAST position, and crank until the engine starts.
Engine is hard to start or runs poorly.	Water in fuel, or old fuel.	Fill with fresh fuel.
	Fuel cap vent is blocked.	Clear vent or replace fuel cap.

Excessive vibration.	Loose parts or damaged impeller.	Stop engine immediately. Tighten all hardware. If vibration continues, have the unit serviced by an Authorized Dealer.
Snowthrower does not stop when traction control lever is released.	Traction control cable out of adjustment.	See Adjusting the Auger and Traction Cable.
Unit does not discharge snow.	Auger control cable out of adjustment.	See Adjusting the Auger and Traction Cable.
	Broken auger shear bolt.	See Replacing the Auger Shear Bolt.
	Broken impeller shear bolt.	See Replacing the Impeller Shear Bolt.
	Discharge chute clogged.	STOP THE ENGINE! Ensure that the auger and impeller have stopped rotating. Use a clean-out tool to remove snow from the discharge chute. Never clear a clogged discharge chute with your hands! See Clearing a Clogged Discharge Chute.
	Foreign object lodged in auger.	STOP THE ENGINE! Ensure that the auger and impeller have stopped rotating. Use a clean-out tool to remove foreign object. Never clear a lodged object with your hands! See Clearing a Clogged Discharge Chute.
Snowthrower does not turn when steering trigger is engaged.	Steering cable out of adjustment.	See Adjusting the Steering Feature Cable.

11. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	SPECIFICATIONS	BS6050
ENGINE	Type	4-stroke, overhead valve, single cylinders, forced-air cooling
	Engine Displacement	212cc
	Horsepower	7 HP
	Engine Speed	2500 rpm
	Spark Plug	F7RTC
	Spark Plug Gap	0.028 - 0.032 in. (0.7-0.8mm)
	Start System	Electric, and Recoil
	Fuel Capacity	0.7 Gal / 2.5 L
	Fuel Type	Unleaded Gasoline
	Oil Capacity	20 fl. oz. / 600 mL
SNOWTHROWER	Oil Type	5W-30 / 5W-40
	Stages	2
	Deck Width	24 inch
	Deck Height	20 inch
	Chute Rotation	Dash Mounted
	Self Propelled Speeds	6F / 2R
	Max Throwing Distance	49 ft
	Min Throwing Distance	8 ft
	Skid Material	Poly
	Wheel	14-inch Pneumatic
	Dimensions (L*W*H)	24 x 53.5 x 43.5 in
	Net Weight	176 lbs / 80 kg

12. APPENDIX

The standard condition of rated power output:

Altitude: 0m

Ambient temperature: 77°F (25°C)

Relative humidity: 30%

Factor of Environment Correction:

Altitude (m)	Ambient Temperature°F (°C)				
	77° (25°)	86° (30°)	95° (35°)	104° (40°)	113 (45°)
0	1	0.98	0.96	0.93	0.90
500	0.93	0.91	0.89	0.87	0.84
1000	0.87	0.85	0.82	0.80	0.78
2000	0.75	0.73	0.71	0.69	0.66
3000	0.64	0.62	0.60	0.58	0.56
4000	0.54	0.52	0.50	0.48	0.46

NOTE:

Relative humidity 60% correction factor C-0.01

Relative humidity 80% correction factor C -0.02

Relative humidity 90% correction factor C-0.03

Relative humidity 100% correction factor C-0.04

Example:

Rated power (PN) 2.8kVA snowthrower (Altitude: 1000m) Ambient temperature: 35°C, Relative humidity: 80%

$$P=P_n*(C-0.02)=2.8*(0.82-0.02)=2.24\text{kVA}$$

13. LIMITED WARRANTY

This product is distributed by:

Midland Power Inc.

376 Magnetic Drive, Toronto, ON M3J 2C4, Canada

Warranty

Beginning at the time of retail purchase and for the duration of the warranty period Midland Power Inc. (Midland) warrants that Equipment manufactured by it is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Midland will, at its sole discretion, replace or repair any part(s) which, upon evaluation and testing by Midland or an authorized service center, show a defect in workmanship or material. Valid proof of purchase must be submitted online for registration with Midland, or presented to Midland at time of claim, for warranty to be valid. This warranty is not transferable from the original owner.

Limited Warranty Period:

Non-commercial use:

- Year 1, 2 and 3 - Parts and Labour
- Year 4 and 5 - Parts

Commercial use:

- First 6 Months - Parts and Labour

Replacement parts sold to a consumer or installed by an authorized service center are warranted for a period of 90 days from date of purchase. Labour must be performed by an authorized service center unless given Midland's prior written approval. Midland will not bear any transportation or shipping fees to or from an authorized service center. Service calls, travel charges, overtime, or weekend rates, are not covered.

This warranty does NOT cover:

- a. Any repairs required as a result of any parts not supplied by Midland, and this part is responsible for the failure or malfunction;
- b. Any Equipment modified, altered, disassembled or remodelled;
- c. Any repairs required as a result of a failure to install, maintain, store, transport, or operate the Equipment in accordance with standard practices set out in the user guide;
- d. Damage that occurred after receipt of equipment, not caused by defects in workmanship or material;
- e. Normal maintenance services, as outlined in the user guide and intended

- for a consumer to perform;
- f. Replacement of parts made in connection with normal maintenance services including oils, adhesives, additives, fuel, filters, brushes, belts, lubricants, spark plugs, gaskets, seals, fasteners, wires, tubes, pipes, fittings, wheels, batteries, and other expendables susceptible to natural wear;
 - g. Any accessory or attachment.

Any battery supplied with this Equipment is considered a consumable item and is excluded from this warranty. Batteries can be damaged by shock, shorting terminals, heat, acid spillage, neglect, and other factors. It is the customer's responsibility to take great care when handling a battery so no spillage of acid occurs which may cause corrosion.

Midland disclaims any responsibility for loss of time or use of the product, transportation, or towing costs or any other indirect, incidental, or consequential damage, inconvenience or commercial loss.

This warranty is the entire and only warranty given by Midland for Midland products or equipment. No agent or employee is authorized to extend or enlarge this warranty on behalf of Midland by any written or verbal statement or advertisement.

California

The California Air Resources Board and Midland Power Inc. are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your Midland Power Inc. engine. In California, new spark-ignited small off-road equipment engines must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards.

Other States, U.S. territories, and Canada

In other areas of the United States and in Canada, your engine must be designed, built, and equipped to meet the U.S. EPA and Environment Canada emission standards for spark-ignited engines at or below 19 kilowatts.

All of the United States and Canada

Midland Power Inc. must warrant the emission control system on your power equipment engine for the period of time listed below, provided there has been no abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance of your power equipment engine. Where a warrantable condition exists, Midland Power Inc. will repair your power equipment engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts, and labor.

Your emission control system may include such parts as the carburetor or fuel injection system, the ignition system, and catalytic converter. Also included may be hoses, connectors, and other emission-related assemblies.

Emission Control System Warranty Parts:

This list applies to parts supplied by Midland Power Inc. and does not cover parts supplied by the equipment manufacturer. Please see the original equipment manufacturer's emissions warranty for non-Midland Power Inc. parts.

Consumable parts are covered up to a maximum of 30 days.

SYSTEMS COVERED IN WARRANTY	PARTS DESCRIPTION
Fuel Metering	Carburetor assembly (includes starting enrichment system), Engine temperature sensor, Engine control module, Fuel regulator, Intake manifold
Evaporative	Fuel Tank, Fuel Cap, Fuel Hoses, Vapor Hoses, Carbon Canister, Canister Mounting Brackets, Fuel Strainer, Fuel cock, Fuel Pump, Fuel Hose Joint, Canister Purge Hose Joint
Exhaust	Catalyst, Exhaust Manifold
Air Induction	Air filter housing, Air filter element
Ignition	Flywheel magneto, Ignition pulse generator, Crankshaft position sensor, Power coil, Ignition coil assembly, Ignition control module, Spark plug cap, Spark plug
Crankcase Emission Control	Crankcase breather tube, Oil filler cap
Miscellaneous Parts	Tubing, fittings, seals, gaskets, and clamps associated with these listed systems

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Customer Service

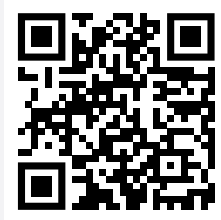
Online: www.benchmark.midlandpowerinc.com

E-mail: support@midlandpowerinc.com

Toll Free: 1-877-528-3772

Enjoy!

Be sure to check www.benchmark.midlandpowerinc.com for updates regarding your product.





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